

THE GRENADA SENTINEL.

VOLUME LXX.

GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI, FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1923.

NUMBER 46

MISSISSIPPI STATE COLLEGE FOR WOMEN PAYROLL

Board of Trustees Again Show Political Favoritism and Raise Salary of Secretary-Treasurer from \$2000 to \$4200. Long Service and Equipment for College Work Stands Poor Hack With Russell.

Last week, The Sentinel showed the pay roll of the University of Mississippi for the month of February. This week Sentinel readers will have an opportunity to look over the pay roll of the Mississippi State College for Women (formerly the I. I. & C.) at Columbus.

As with the law-making in appropriations for the A. & M. College and for the University, the funds are made available with a proviso that the salary of the head shall not be over \$4800; and like the Chancellor of the University, but unlike the head of the A. & M. College, the President of the M. S. C. W. is observing the law.

The proviso in the M. S. C. W. bill reads as follows: "Provided, that the salary of the head of this institution shall not exceed \$4800 per annum, and the salary of no head of the different departments of this institution shall exceed \$3000.00 per annum."

The Sentinel calls attention to the salary of Mr. H. E. King, who is the secretary-treasurer of the College. Mr. King's predecessor was paid only \$2000, but it will be seen that his salary is \$3600, or an increase of \$1600. His predecessor had been there for a number of years and was faithful and efficient. Mr. King is a capable man and is an honest man, but the question naturally comes up, a big increase in his salary have been there for col-

would be for similar work?" Mr. King is a son-in-law of the late Hon. Frank Burkitt.

Mr. King's predecessor furnished his own residence for which he got no extra compensation. The present secretary-treasurer is paid \$600, in addition to his salary of \$3600, as an allowance for house rent. In other words, since Russell went into office the salary of the secretary-treasurer of that College has been doubled and \$200 besides.

It will be observed that not a single person on the pay roll gets a salary equal to the secretary-treasurer. Dr. Dabney Lipscomb is vice-president and is paid only \$3500 and Miss Nellie Keirn, Dean of the College, is paid only \$3300.

The following is the pay roll as of February 1923:

Salary Roll M. S. C. W., 1922-1923
Dr. J. C. Fant \$4800.00
Prof. Dabney Lipscomb 3500.00
Miss Nellie Keirn 3300.00
Prof. T. F. McBeath 3000.00
Prof. L. G. Painter 3000.00
Mrs. Pauline Brandon, (mo.) 150.00
Miss Katherine Montgomery 1650.00
Miss Sallie Hartfield 1650.00
Miss Edith Mosher 1650.00
Miss Elsie Moore 1650.00
Miss Nina Weeden Oliver 1350.00
Mr. Arthur Growden 1350.00

Miss Mary Whipple	1500.00
Mrs. Eula Steene	1500.00
Miss Bessie Heath	2700.00
Miss Lottie Howard	1800.00
Miss Mary L. Peyton	1650.00
Miss Ruth Langmade	1500.00
Miss Mary Frierson	1800.00
Miss Ruby Caulfield	2500.00
Miss Ellen Crawford	1800.00
Miss Kathleen Caulfield	1800.00
Miss Cornelia Hudson	1800.00
Miss Lucie Billant	1500.00
Miss Frances Rigdon	1500.00
Miss Ada Winlow	2200.00
Miss Clyett Evans	2500.00
Miss Martha Eckford	2700.00
Miss Vernon Waller	1650.00
Miss Florence Ockes	1800.00
Miss Maud Cheek	1350.00
Miss George L. Sehon	1500.00
Miss Cora Q. Walker	2700.00
Miss Marianne Woodward	1350.00
Miss Lena Vaughan	2700.00
Miss Pearl Jordan	2000.00
Miss Anne Fant	2700.00
Miss Alice Wildman	1800.00
Mrs. Kathleen Yeager (& L.E.)	1800.00
Miss Florence Parker	1800.00
Miss Rosa Wyatt	1800.00
Miss Lois Wier (& L.E.)	1800.00
Miss Lula Erskine (& L.E.)	1650.00
Miss Falsa Foote	2700.00
Mrs. Wilkie Hines	1800.00
Miss Julia Scott	1800.00
Miss Sarah Cragwell	1500.00
Miss Irma Cooper (& L.E.)	1500.00
Miss Jefferson Johnson	2500.00
Miss Kate Miller	1650.00
Mrs. J. H. Young	2500.00
Miss Bettie McArthur	2200.00
Miss M. H. Penneil	2200.00
Mrs. L. W. Sykes	2200.00
Miss Stella Elliott	1800.00
Miss Emma Ody Pohl	2700.00
Miss Grace Massengale	1650.00
Miss Jose Campbell	1500.00
Miss Mable Thwaites	1500.00
Miss Augusta Hardin	750.00
Mrs. B. K. Daugherty	2000.00
Miss Margaret Boyd	1500.00
Miss Beulah Culbertson	1800.00
Miss August Sykes	1200.00
Mrs. Constance Emig (& L.E.)	800.00
Dr. Irene Fatherree (& L.E.)	2500.00
Miss Olive Dobbey	1237.50
Student Assistants in Physical Education (6)	300.00
Per Month	
Mr. H. E. King	300.00
(and \$50 per month additional for house rent)	
Mrs. H. E. King	35.00
Miss Sarah Neilson	175.00
Mrs. C. L. Calloway (& L.E.)	135.00
Miss Bessie Herron (and L. E. for 10 mos.)	100.00
Miss Bettie Whitfield	80.00
Mr. J. S. Boucher	137.50
Mr. R. L. Mann (9 mos.)	100.00
Mr. W. E. McLaine	100.00
J. S. Boucher, campus foreman	85.00
Music Fund	
Annual	
Miss Wenonah Poindexter	2700.00
Miss Etta Atwell	1800.00
Miss Eri Douglass	1800.00
Miss Mattie Montcastle	1800.00

(Continued on page 8)

MIKE CONNER, CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR, VISITS COUNTY

Makes Two Speeches. Hon. W. A. Winter Greatly Interested in Conner. Conner States He Appreciates Taxes Are High and Insists That There Must Be a Cut in Offices and Boards. Shows That for Greater Part of the Time for Twenty Years State Has Been Spending More than Its Revenues, a Practice, He Says Almost Criminal. If Made Governor Will Veto Appropriations That Run Beyond Revenue. Bond Issues for Current Expenses Unjust to Children. Promises a Common-sense, Business-like Administration. Does Not Mention Opponents But His Reference to Gov. Russell's Holding Up Appointments in Interests of a Certain Candidate Means Franklin. A Hint at Legislative Investigation to Find What State Employees Contributed to Russell in Birkhead Suit. Shows That Large Per Cent of Tax Burdens Are Local and Self-imposed. Legislation Proposed by Him to Protect People from Bond Issues. Discusses Bureau of Markets Law Offered by Him. Promises to Appoint Only Capable, Honest Men and Women to Office. Urges That Those Who Can Attain Political Success Only by Playing Politics All the Time and Everywhere and Keeping Alive Factionalism Are Hurting Best Interests of the State. Franklin the "Crown Prince". A Statesmanlike Appeal. Speeches Make Fine Impression and Win Many Friends.

Hon. Mike Conner of Covington County, Speaker of the House of Representatives for the past eight years, invaded Grenada County for the first time in this political campaign in the interest of his candidacy for Governor.

Mr. Conner was more than a half hour late in reaching Grenada where he was billed to speak at 11 o'clock, owing to the rain and the condition of the roads between here and Charleston, hence it was nearly noon when he began his address, so it was that he compelled to hurry through his speech and only briefly allude to many issues which he regards highly important.

In the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock he spoke at Holcomb where the largest audience that ever assembled there at a political gathering, certainly at this stage of the campaign, greeted him.

He was introduced by Hon. W. A. Winter, Grenada County's popular representative who served with him for eight years in the Legislature, at both appointments. Mr. Winter paid Mr. Conner a high tribute and is deeply concerned about his election.

Mr. Conner is a most persuasive and a most convincing speaker. Not only does his logic carry conviction, but his candor and unquestioned sincerity sweeps his audience along with him. There is nothing of the bombast about him. There is no sounding brass in his speech. It is a plain, common sense appeal to the reason of the people.

If there was ever a business-like political speech made to a Grenada County audience, Mike Conner made one of them. He showed a just appreciation of the tax burdens of the people. He stated that he realized that taxes could not remain like they are and the State continue to pursue the same policy without bankrupting the people.

His reference to one of opponents, as the "Crown Prince" of the present Governor was neatly put. He was evidently referring to Mr. Franklin, and had in mind the letters Gov. Russell has been sending out asking those that he thought advisable of his political faction to vote for Franklin.

Mr. Conner sunk his knife deep into Franklin's political hide when he referred to "talking for law-enforcement in speeches and then at every meeting of the pardon board appearing there as an attorney for some bootlegger or other man in the penitentiary", a thing he evidently thought Franklin did for the reason that he was paid to do and for the further reason that he has a political pull with the present Governor.

A blister was applied to Franklin when Mr. Conner referred to Gov. Russell holding up the appointment of a superintendent of the penitentiary in order to force the present superintendent and the nearly 100 penitentiary employees to support Franklin, and he no doubt also had in mind the pretty well authenticated story going the rounds that penitentiary employees had been assessed so much each month to aid Franklin's campaign.

Mr. Conner's statement that it was time that "the books were being shown on certain transactions in Mississippi" is construed by his friends as referring to the letter sent out by Gov. Russell's private secretary calling on the "beneficiaries" of Russell's administration to come across with the coin to help Russell pay the expense of the Birkhead suit, and to contributions alleged as being exorted from penitentiary employees. Hence, if Conner should be made Governor, in all probability the Legislature would be called on to make an investigation to see what state officials and officers were forced to put up for the Governor's law-suit and for Franklin's campaign under the veiled threat of losing their jobs if they did not plank down the filthy lucre.

At Holcomb, the home of Hon. B. S. Elliott, floater-representative for Grenada and Montgomery Counties during the last Legislature, Mr. Elliott presented Mr. Winter and also paid a high tribute to Mr. Conner as a Speaker and as a Christian gentleman.

Mr. Conner's statement that he believed "that those who helped kill the snakes in the Spring time doing the fishing" was construed by some of his hearers as referring to Mr. Whitfield as being a "fence sitter" during the past years of struggle between the political forces in Mississippi.

Mr. Winter used the following language in presenting Mr. Conner: "A strenuous, arduous service of eight years as Speaker of the House of Representatives, without a single appeal from any of his decisions or rulings, is a part of the public record of the distinguished Mississippian who visits our County today as a candidate for the high office of Governor."

"As one who has had the honor of serving with him during those eight eventful years, I am glad to bear testimony to the fact that I have never heard any member of the Legislature question the fairness or justice of

CALHOUN COUNTY CITIZENS WRITE ABOUT ROAD

Give Reasons Why They Think Survey as Made Should Stand. Say If Calhoun County Must Pay For Crossing the River, That It Will Not Have Enough To Build the Road.

Editor Grenada Sentinel:

We have before us a copy of your paper of date of March 23, in which there is an article about a meeting of certain citizens in Grenada with Highway Commissioner Boone. We also note in the same edition a communication from Mr. E. A. Penn on the same road matter. From Mr. Penn's communication we are sure that there are some of the good citizens of your County who have not studied the relative merits of the two routes.

Of course it is perfectly natural for those citizens of Grenada County in the vicinity of Williamsville to be for the route via that place. We can see how others in that district might take the same view, especially those who live in the middle or southern part of district 2.

But let us not forget that these road lines are not run to promote the interests of any particular citizen or to punish any particular community. They are run, or are supposed to be run, to benefit the greatest number. And these roads are not being laid out for one year, for ten years or for fifty years, but they are government highways and are being laid out for future generations, for the service of our children's children and to last for several hundred years, or even longer.

If that be true, and I am sure none will deny it, then they should be run on the most direct line. Time is a most important element in everything and especially in travel.

It takes no critical eye for one to see that the route as laid out to cross the Yalobusha river a few miles east of Graysport and thence over into district 3 of Grenada County is several miles, certainly more than one mile, shorter than any line that could be run via Williamsville.

Then again, if the line could be run via Williamsville, outside of that splendid citizen, Mr. Ed Perry and his good neighbor, Mr. Louis Martin and that noble old gentleman, Capt. Jack Williams, there will be hardly any other white family touched by the road. But for the line to stay where it is surveyed and where it has been recommended to be by both the State and the Federal engineers, it will touch the farms of some of the very best white citizens of your county and will serve a greater number of white farmers in this, Calhoun County. The naked eye can take a township map, or one or more township maps, and see that the road as laid out is very nearly as straight as an eagle could fly.

Your people may argue, and doubtless some of them are doing so, "let Calhoun County pay for crossing the river". That sounds good perhaps to some of your people. But if that is determined on, let's see what the result will be. In our judgment it will be this: We will have no road. Calhoun County has only \$200,000 to be

used on this east and west highway, then if Mr. Penn's estimate of \$85,000.00 is correct for crossing the Yalobusha river bottom and the river—it seems fair to assume that it would cost almost an equal sum only three or four miles above that point—then Calhoun County would have but \$115,000.00 to be used on the east and west road and everybody knows that is not enough. Somebody will say, perhaps, "Why, issue more bonds", but Calhoun County has gone the limit on bond issues according to law.

Then again: A glance at the map of Calhoun County will show that a very large per cent of the County lies north of the proposed road line as surveyed, hence we believe that it will be readily admitted that a large per cent of the citizens of Calhoun County are favorable to the road as surveyed, and would so vote, were they given the opportunity.

There are some in our County wiser than we who see the nigger in the wood pile in the move to have the survey already approved changed, and that is to get the matter tangled up so that the road will not be built soon and thereby the banks of our County may continue to use the tax payer's money at a very low interest rate. This way of taxing the people for money and putting it in banks and then the same banks loaning the same money back to many of the people who paid it in to the sheriff may sound good to some bankers but it does not sound good to the tax payers. Let's have no feints or make-believe steps, but let us come clean and do what the people want done.

Let our County authorities be fair with the public. Let's have an honest tote with the tax payers. We are not interested in saving any particular community. We are interested in the roads being built. We had nothing to do with locating the road where it is, but since it has been done let's accept the survey as good citizens and fall in line. Kicking and dickered went get us anywhere.

This road, as all other public matters, should be considered on the basis of the greatest good to the greatest number of people.

If we get to squabbling, I fear that it will mean no road or that the matter of building a road will be deferred for several years, greatly to the detriment of the people of Calhoun County.

We hope you will publish this. We hear that it is your policy not to deny people a hearing about matters of general interest. We hope your board of supervisors will stand pat. We hope your people will study the matter and stand for that which is in the end the best, and that is that the survey should stand undisturbed.

Yours very truly,

W. S. WRIGHT

J. T. BATES.

Calhoun City, Miss., March 31, 1923.

RAILROAD WASHOUTS KEEP LEGION COMMANDER AWAY

The Jim Trimble Post No. 35 of the American Legion of this City, as well as the entire town, was greatly disappointed that Alvin M. Owsley, National Commander of the American Legion, was unable to keep his engagement to stop here Thursday.

The heavy rains and the wind storm this side of New Orleans virtually stopped travel northward out of New Orleans for nearly 24 hours. The National commander started out of New Orleans, after he found he could not make it over the I. C., over the Y. & M. V. and got as far as Gloster where a washout stopped his train and in the meantime the railroad track had been washed out between there and New Orleans, thus he was brought to a standstill. The delay of the trains also caused the abandonment of the stop over and reception planned for Mr. Owsley at Jackson as well as at Grenada. Mr. Owsley was to have reached Jackson early Wednesday.

Grenada had planned to give him a welcome in keeping with the honored place he holds. He was to have arrived at 1 o'clock and carried immediately to the hotel where an elaborate luncheon was to be served at which there were many invited guests. He was scheduled to make an address at the opera house at 3 o'clock. The stores were to close from 2:45 to 4:30 that afternoon.

It was quite another of the many distinctions that come to Grenada that she was to be the only town in Mississippi, outside of the State Capitol, where Legion Commander accepted an invitation to stop, and sincere regret is felt that unavoidable circumstances denied this community the honor and the privilege of paying tribute to the boys who "won the war" as well as their Commander. The hope is expressed that another similar opportunity will come to Grenada ere long.

FIRST GOLD DISTRIBUTION TO TAKE PLACE SATURDAY

Grenada Merchants Will Distribute \$500 to Customers Who Have Traded in Grenada This Year. \$2000 Total Amount to Be Given Away. 25 People Will Receive \$500 Saturday.

As has been previously announced the first distribution of the \$2000 in gold which twenty-eight Grenada business houses are giving to their customers during the year 1923 will take place in the public square on Saturday afternoon, April 7, at 4 o'clock. A total of \$500 will be distributed Saturday among twenty-five different persons, the amounts of the awards ranging from \$5 to \$100.

Don't be disappointed if you don't happen to be one of the ones to participate in the first distribution. You still have plenty of opportunity to get your share as there will be three other distributions during the year and it may be your good fortune to be one of the remaining seventy-five persons who are to be awarded the gold.

Come to Grenada Saturday and see who gets the \$500. It may be you.

TO THE PATRONS OF GRENADA POST OFFICE

There is a shortage of funds in the U. S. P. O. Department and there is no relief until July 1, when our fiscal year begins. In order to expedite our work I am asking the patrons to help us by mailing your letters and parcels at least one hour before mail trains run. Also when you have a notice for parcels please come promptly to get same, and oblige.

Jas. H. Spence, P. M.


S. S. BELL BUYS SUPPLY CO.

Interest of Mr. Donelson Is Sold to Partner.

Mr. S. S. Bell has purchased the interest of Mr. Donelson in the Donelson Auto Supply Co., 751 Union Avenue, and will continue the business under the same name.

Mr. Bell, who has been connected with the firm for several years, is thoroughly familiar with the business. The stock has been greatly replenished and the firm is anticipating many novel innovations that they may greater serve the motoring public.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

111 4 more
cigarettes
24 for **15¢**
AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.



Good to the last drop

More than a slogan to the man whose travels have taught him how bad coffee can taste; it is a downright statement of fact.

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE

"Feeling Fine!"

"I was pale and thin, hardly able to go," says Mrs. Bessie Bearden, of Central, S. C. "I would suffer, when I stood on my feet, with bearing-down pains in my sides and the lower part of my body. I did not rest well and didn't want anything to eat. My color was bad and I felt miserable. A friend of mine told me of

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

and I then remembered my mother used to take it. After the first bottle I was better. I began to freshen up and I regained my strength and good, healthy color. I am feeling fine. I took twelve bottles (of Cardui) and haven't had a bit of trouble since."

Thousands of other women have had similar experiences in the use of Cardui, which has brought relief where other medicines had failed.

If you suffer from female ailments, take Cardui. It is a woman's medicine. It may be just what you need.

At your druggist's or dealer's.

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FOR THE OLD FOLKS
Help keep them well and strong with

ORIGINAL VINOL
THE MODERN TONIC

It will help all those who are weak and rundown.

A proven treatment for Coughs, Colds, Tired Nerves and many rundown conditions.

BE STRONG

TAKE ORIGINAL VINOL
WE GUARANTEE IT

PRICE \$1.00

Sold exclusively by

Second Class Drug Store
GRENADA

RIMROCK TRAIL

Starts

Next Week

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago.)
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LESSON FOR APRIL 8

ABRAHAM THE HERO OF FAITH

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 12:1-5. Hebrews 11:8-10, 17-19.

GOLDEN TEXT—Abraham believed God and it was counted unto him for righteousness.—Romans 4:3.

REFERENCE MATERIAL—Romans 4:1-25; Galatians 3:6-9; James 2:21-24.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Abraham Obeying God.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Abraham, the Man Who Trusted God.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Abraham, the Friend of God.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Abraham, the Pioneer of Faith.

I. His Call (Genesis 12:1-5). The human race, as such, had failed, and now we see God's purpose as to the redemption of the race taking shape. Therefore he singles out this lonely man to make him the head of a nation through whom redemption was to come.

1. His Separation (v. 1). He was called to go out of his own country; to separate from his kindred and go to an unknown land. These were all very dear to his heart but they were to be given up that Abraham might have God and be the father of all the faithful. Abraham was living among idolaters; therefore, he must separate from them. Even his kindred must be left behind for they were idolaters. Following God costs much that is dear and precious to us today. To attain unto the highest and best in the spiritual life many things which are pleasant to the carnal nature must be sacrificed.

2. God's Gracious Promise to Him (vv. 2-3). (1) "I will make of thee a great nation." This was fulfilled in a natural way in a great posterity (vv. 13-16) and in a spiritual seed. See John 8:39; Galatians 3:16-17. (2) "I will bless thee." God has wonderfully blessed Abraham in a natural and spiritual way and still greater realization of this promise is to come to Abraham's seed. (3) "Make thy name great." Abraham was called the friend of God. James 2:23. Abraham is a universal name. (4) "Thou shalt be a blessing." Untold blessings have come to the world through Abraham and still a greater blessing will be realized when the fullness of God's purpose concerning that nation shall be realized. (5) "I will bless them that bless thee." (6) "I will curse him that curseth thee." Abraham's seed is God's very touchstone. Nations and individuals who have used well Abraham's descendants have been blessed and those who have cursed them have in turn been cursed. (7) "In thee shall all the families of the earth be blessed." This is the all-comprehensive promise of God because it shall come to the world through the Messiah. Galatians 3:16. While Abraham had to give up much he gained infinitely more than he lost.

3. His Obedience (vv. 4-5). Without question or delay Abraham took his departure to the unknown land. Though he did not know whither he was going he knew that God had spoken. To have God's command and promise is enough for the child of faith.

II. Abraham's Faith (Hebrews 11:8-10).

1. Its Source Was the Word of God. He had heard God's call. Because God had spoken to him he went forward. Faith takes God at his word.

2. Its Practice (vv. 9-10). He never settled down anywhere even in the land of promise. He was a true pilgrim. He was content to pass through the land because his eyes were fixed on a city which had foundations, whose builder and maker was God. The Christian does not settle down in this world as though he was going to make his home. He lives in the world but is not of it. His citizenship is in Heaven.

III. Abraham's Testing (11:17-19).

1. At the Command of God He Offered Up Isaac, His Only Son. (v. 17). Going out into an unknown country was simple in comparison to laying his son on the altar of sacrifice. But he who had obeyed God in going out from his country and kindred was now to pass through the supreme test.

2. The Promise of Blessing Was Wrapped Up in Isaac. (vv. 18). It was not a promise which might take any descendant of Abraham but this particular child. The way seemed dark and the command conflicting with the promise, but faith does not consider difficulties.

3. The Supreme Venture (v. 19). Abraham so completely trusted God that he was willing to go all the way with Him, being assured that God would even raise him as from the dead, in order to make good his promise.

Hope.
Hope is a pleasant acquaintance, but an unsafe friend; not the man for your banker, though he may do for a traveling companion.—Halliburton.

Answer Knock at Your Door.
Have your visions of God, but descend from your housetop to answer the men who knock at your door.—F. B. Meyer.

Ingratitude.
Brutes leave ingratitude to man.—Colton.

JUST FUN

THE MAIN THING

"Constable, I don't believe I was going more than 20 miles an hour."
"I timed ye."
"With that tin watch?"
"Yes."
"I refuse to accept such evidence."
"Mebby you do. It's mighty popular with the judge, though."

Too Old to Kiss.
The caller, who was neither youthful nor of prepossessing appearance, anxious to gain the confidence of the son of the house, remarked pleasantly, "Why, Bobbie, how grown up you are! But still, you are not too old to kiss, are you?"
"No," said Bobby, with conviction, "but you are."

Local Spirit.
"I understand Crimmon Gulch is going to build a new jail."
"Yes," replied Cactus Joe. "The first proposition was to build a new hotel, but we decided that if there was to be any further housing accommodations they ought to be for the benefit of our own citizens."—Washington Star.

Disarming Suspicion.
"The dealer made you pay more than this picture is worth," commented the artist.
"I know it," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I'm selling him a piece of property, and I want to convey the impression that I am guileless and easy."—Washington Star.

Not His Choice.
A Scottish minister, marrying a couple of his rustic parishioners, was disconcerted by the bridegroom's answer when asked if he was willing to take the woman for his wedded wife.
"Aye, I'm willin'," was the reply, "but I'd rather have her sister."

And Then You May.
Mr. Slough (at the wheel)—Don't you feel a little chilly? Don't you think you had better have something around you?
Miss Quicke—Well, wait till we get a little farther out into the country, George.

Helpful Allment.
"Your friend Bagley is quite witty, even though he does stammer."
"Even though he does? Man alive, that's the very reason he's witty; his affliction gives him plenty of time to think up good repartee."—Boston Evening Transcript.



WHY NOT?
"What's Mrs. Sea Cow doing now-a-days?"
"Oh, she's keeping a dairy."

A Hard Lot.
An only daughter's lot is hard. For sisters oft she wishes, "Would be so nice to have a few To help her with the dishes."

Where He Falls Down.
"I admit," pouted the wife, "that you are always polite to me in company, except—"
"Except what?"
"Except that you seem to forget the saying that 'Two is company.'"

Of Course.
"When you send your poetical effusions to the magazines do you call them poems or verses?"
"When I send them out I call them verses; when they come back I call them reverses."

A Measure of Dignity.
Mother—George, what would you do if another boy called you a story teller?
George (aged six)—To my face?
"Yes."
"About how big a boy?"

Competent Witness.
Judge—You are charged with arson. Prisoner—Call my wife. She can testify that I never started a fire since I've been married to her.

The Radio Scores.
Barrister—But couldn't you let me have some of his love letters?
Breach of Promise Client—There weren't any—we had wireless sets.

The Kind He's After.
Tom—Do you intend to go abroad on your wedding trip when you get married?
Dick—I do if I marry the right girl.

Much Needed Article.
"What would be an appropriate present to give my stenographer, Jim?"
"Give him anything like mine I would recommend a spelling book."

STRENGTH AND SAFETY IN THE BODY OF STEEL

If you could see the main body structure of Dodge Brothers Business Coupe before the enamel is baked on, and before the interior is furnished, you would be profoundly impressed by its strength.

You would see that every panel, every pillar, and every rib is steel—that even the door sills and window mouldings are steel.

You would see that all of these parts and sections are electrically welded together into one staunch steel body, with no bolts or rivets to work loose, nothing to rattle or squeak or warp.

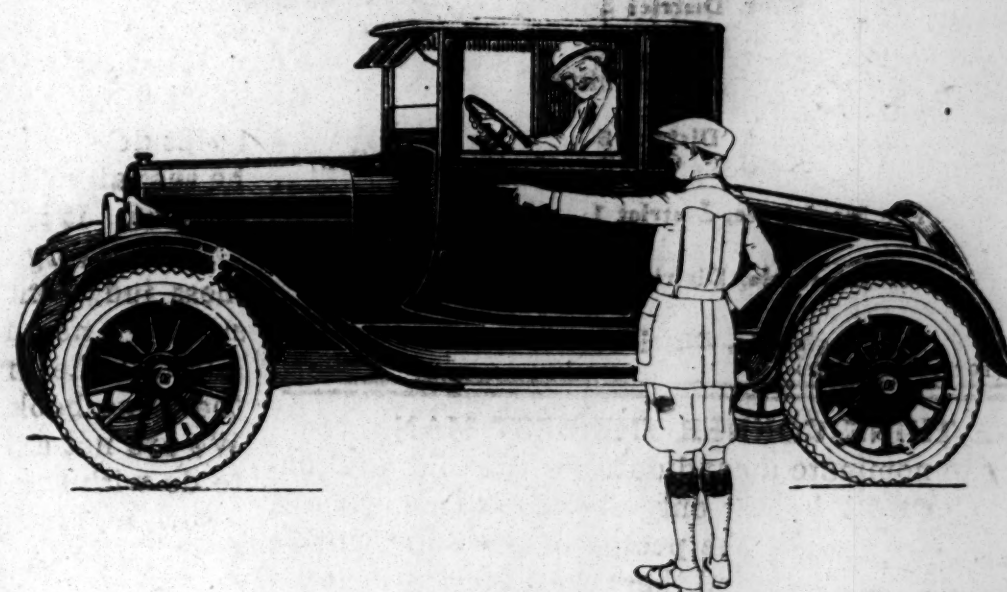
And you would realize that, like the all-steel Pullman coach, this unique construction—originated by Dodge Brothers for this car—represents the last word in protection to passengers—the ultimate achievement in closed car sturdiness.

The price of the Business Coupe is \$1105 delivered

MEEK MOTOR CO.

Dodge Brothers Motor Cars

Phone 204 Grenada, Miss.



Illinois Central System Helps to Arouse Interest in Better Farming

The Illinois Central System is anxious to see the fertility of farm lands on its lines maintained and the best sort of agricultural practices followed by the farmers. To this end, the road maintains in its Development Bureau a corps of farm experts with both technical and practical training whose services are free of charge to farmers in Illinois Central System territory.

During 1922 this Development Bureau held 402 agricultural meetings. Its workers do not rely upon correspondence to disseminate the information they have; they get out in the fields and do their work in that personal, heart-to-heart way which not only secures the best results but makes for a better understanding between this railroad and its patrons.

To help make possible increased production by more economical methods, to encourage diversification that will meet the demands of every market, to improve productivity of the land, to bring about better conditions in the farm home and to cultivate a more harmonious community spirit—these are the aims of the Illinois Central System.

Surveys are made of the soil and climatic conditions in the various communities to ascertain what type of farming is best for each locality. This is done in the belief that the foundation of agricultural improvement is laid in the condition and proper use of the land. The soil is carefully inspected by Development Bureau experts who have made agronomy their major study in leading colleges of agriculture, after which the farmers are advised of the best methods to pursue.

Dairy campaigns are held every month in the year in rural district schoolhouses or community centers. Lectures are given and motion pictures are shown emphasizing the importance of dairying in all its phases. To encourage the establishment of creameries on its lines, the Illinois Central System has been following a practice of employing expert butter makers for new creameries at its own expense for one year. Five of the creameries that were established in this way paid neighboring farmers \$365,277.98 for butter-fat in 1922. As a further aid in the development of this industry, the Illinois Central System, in some instances, lends to the farmers purebred dairy sires for community breeding purposes. Any farmer desiring to buy purebred dairy stock can call upon our dairy experts for advice. Individual farms are visited, and the farmer is advised as to the proper housing, care and feed of his herd.

Poultry raising also is encouraged. Lectures and motion pictures relating to methods for producing the best results in handling of poultry are given in Illinois Central System communities upon the request of patrons of the road who are interested in the poultry business.

The Illinois Central System is one of the largest vegetable carrying railroads in the United States. Development Bureau agents encourage this important work by holding meetings in the vegetable growing centers, advising about the best varieties, proper fertilization and cultivation, spraying and treatment of plants for disease. Construction of hot beds and cold frames is shown. When the crops are ready for market, demonstrations are given in culling and proper packing, and every assistance is rendered in obtaining the best price possible.

The Illinois Central System is eager for its farmer patrons, as well as all other patrons, to call upon it for any assistance that it can consistently render.

Constructive criticism and suggestions are invited.

C. H. MARKHAM,
President, Illinois Central System.

THE GRENADA SENTINEL

O. F. LAWRENCE, EDITOR
G. M. LAWRENCE, PUBLISHER
GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 Per Year in Advance
Six Months \$1.00

Entered at the Post Office at Grenada, Miss., as second class mail matter.
THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF GRENADA COUNTY

ADVERTISING RATES—Classified Advertisements, Cards of Thanks, Obituaries, In Memoriams, and other reading notices 2½¢ per word for each insertion, payable cash in advance.
Display advertising rates furnished on application.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Sentinel is authorized to make the following announcements subject to the Democratic primaries in August:

For Lieutenant Governor
Dennis Murphree of Pittsboro

For Rail Road Commissioner, Northern District
T. T. O'Bryant of Panola County

For District Attorney
David E. Crawley (for reelection) Clarence E. Morgan of Attalla Co.

For State Senator
W. A. Winter

For Representative
B. S. Elliott C. C. White

For Floater Representative
C. H. Aldridge (of Montgomery Co.)

For County Superintendent of Public Education
LaFayette Atkinson M. McKibben (for reelection)

For Chancery Clerk
Glen D. Thomason James B. Keeton (for reelection)

For Circuit Clerk
J. W. Wood V. R. James (reelection)

For Tax Assessor
David A. Williams Groce Carver (for reelection)

For Supervisor, District 1
Lawrence N. Yeager

For Supervisor, District 2
Kemp Mattingly (reelection)

For Supervisor, District 3
J. H. James (for reelection) J. E. Shaw

For Supervisor, District 4
W. V. Horton Eugene Davis

For Supervisor, District 5
Ira G. Rounsaville (for reelection) Jessie C. Whitten

For Magistrate, District 1
E. L. Boteler G. P. Cunningham (for reelection)

For Constable, District 1
J. A. Gibson

For Magistrate, District 5
Jack Smith

For Magistrate, District 5
B. L. Harris, Sr. (for re-election)

WHY WE THINK CONNER THE BEST MAN

The primary to nominate a candidate for the high and important office of Governor is now only about four months off. The time will soon arrive when the people of the State will be called upon to go into the booth and there with their conscience as their guide to say which one of the four candidates for Governor is their choice.

The Sentinel has had nothing thus far to say as between the gentlemen seeking this office.

In State elections for a number of years past, the campaign has been in full swing by this time. Indeed even twelve months before the primary, candidates for Governor have usually been touring the State and making speeches. With the exception of Prof. Whitfield, the other candidates, until within the past few weeks, have done but little canvassing.

There have been perhaps a number of things that have served to keep the candidates off the track, one of which, and a very important one, is that the people have been so concerned with their personal affairs, with trying to pay their debts and getting themselves adjusted to business conditions, that they have not cared to give much thought to the aspirations of men for office. The great burden of taxes, the demands of society, and of conditions, on the pocket books of the people have been making them have serious thoughts.

Hence it is that the people are approaching the present campaign with the idea first and uppermost in their minds that "We will vote for no man for Governor unless we think he will favor and work for a cutting down of tax burdens, unless we think that he will apply to the Governor's office the same business judgment demanded in a successful farmer, or merchant, or a good banker."

There are four avowed candidates for Governor. They are: L. C. Franklin, Prof. H. L. Whitfield, Judge Percy Bell and Mike Conner.

The matter of running our State government is the biggest business question the people of the State have.

Suppose, for example, that any people or any set of men had to make a contract, which contract was not subject to revocation, for four years with some man to be at the head of a business institution which required something like twenty-five million dollars to run it, and that this selection must be made from one of four men, will any one be ready to say that those owning the business institution would not look these men over with a critical eye?

In our judgment, Franklin's political company puts him under a cloud to begin with. Lee Russell is writing letters all over the State to the few he thinks he might influence and telling them to vote for Franklin. Many of these letters have gotten to the public and some of them have been published. Franklin was at Oxford when Russell was resisting Miss Birkhead's suit for damages for alleged immoral relations with her. It is written in the hearts and minds of the people of Mississippi, at least a vast majority of them, that they want no more of Lee Russell and they bow their heads with shame that he was ever elected. This is a handicap to Franklin. He has not repudiated Russell's endorsement, hence he must carry the Russell earmarks.

Then there are some other things that put a question mark behind Franklin, and among them is the matter of the Levee Board over which he presides at Clarksdale releasing a levee contractor, who had more than two months defaulted on his contract, and recontracting with him, without getting competitive bids, at a price whereby the said levee contractor realized more than \$400,000.00 over what he would have done on the former contract. This levee contractor was a Lee Russell partisan and it is said a pretty heavy contributor in the last campaign.

Then there is a well grounded belief that Franklin prof-

ited to the tune of \$2,000 on the Quitman farm bought for the State during the Bilbo administration, and he was a State Senator at that time.

Further, there can be but little doubt that Russell is assessing the employes of the penitentiary to aid Franklin's campaign.

However, with three other men in the race, it may be counted a certainty that there is enough of the Russell contingent, together with the remnant of the old Vardaman line-up, still in tact to place Franklin in the second primary. Those who elected Pat Harrison in 1918, those who elected Hubert Stephens last year, had just as well realize that now as later, Franklin will be in the second primary.

Judge Percy Bell is a Christian gentleman and a very able man; he is a good business man, but just somehow he does not appear to appeal to those in the grandstand around the track. This may be to his credit, nevertheless, it does not aid him in coming under the wire in the gubernatorial wire first.

This leaves but two, Prof. Whitfield and Mike Conner. Now then, let's briefly look these over and decide which one by environment, by experience and by training is suited for the big business job that is necessary in the next Governor. Of course we can get along regardless of who is elected. We can get along and have our taxes piled up, our assessments increased and have our State branded as one of such little forethought that we shall continue to lose in population and that big business enterprises shall shun us.

Prof. Whitfield and Mr. Conner are both clean men. They are upright citizens, and there will be no Birkhead affairs if either is chosen.

Prof. Whitfield has been in the school work of the State for the past thirty years. He would be unnatural if his mind had not acquired the bent of a school teacher. And this is no reflection on those engaged in that noble work. Nevertheless, most educators are regarded as impractical when it comes to dealing with the rugged, practical problems that confront the world. An educator's devotion to books, the constant holding up of ideals to the youth, his confinement in the class room, or at his desk, all take him out of the ordinary currents of life and he sees all matters from the angle of the school. It has always been so. It is no less true today.

As a very recent and a very costly example of the bad business judgment of a lot of teachers, the Mississippi public is suffering now from the action of a committee of teachers who adopted the present school books in Mississippi at prices for the same book far in excess of what they cost in Tennessee. We are not saying that Mr. Whitfield had anything whatever to do with the text book adoption. This text book adoption is a sore spot in the minds of those who have to buy school books. It will cost the parents of the children of the State something like \$2,000,000.00 during the term of adoption, which is five years.

Conner has served for eight years as Speaker of the House of Representatives, composed of 140 men. He has served in days when politics has been furious and when the political battle has been fierce. But during all of that time there has never been an appeal from his rulings. This of itself is a great tribute to his splendid judgment and to his fairness and disposition to do the right.

It was Conner who appointed the committee to investigate the Insane Hospital during the days of the Bilbo administration. And as a result of that investigation, a scandal was revealed, debauchery was uncovered, that was shocking to every sense of decency and that awakened the people to the hypocrisy and political deceit of the faction that put Bilbo in power. From that day to this, the fires of their political hate have raged about Mike Conner, yet he has gone the even tenor of his way as a statesman, as a well-poised man should do.

Conner is perhaps one of the best trained men in the State in political economy. After having graduated at the University of Mississippi, he was graduated with honor from Yale.

Notwithstanding the fact that he was the presiding officer of the House of Representatives, he prepared and introduced some of the most constructive legislation that has been proposed in the legislature for years.

He was the author of a bill to give the people a right to recall an official who abuses his office and who forgets that he is the servant and not the master of the people.

He was the author of some laws that are now on our statute books that serve to protect the people against bond issues and tax levies unless they give their consent.

He was reared by a father who is a real farmer, hence there is every reason why he should see problems from the farmer's angle and why he should be mindful of the farmer's interests.

Conner is able in debate. He is conscientious in service. He is honest of purpose.

Conner was reared in the home where God is honored. He was taught from the cradle his duties to his God and those things that develop the finer and better impulses of men, hence it is no wonder that he in the years ago took an active stand in the church and showed that he believed in the banner of a risen Lord.

Thus, after looking the four candidates over with the greatest care; after studying them in their various duties and after applying the test that we think should be applied, we are convinced that Mike Conner is the best material in the race and we believe that he will do his best, if elected, to serve the State patriotically, wisely and well.

The Grenada Sentinel of two weeks ago gave a very comprehensive tabulated statement of the amounts paid out by this state to its officers before the meeting of the last legislature and then gave the comparative figures showing the amounts paid out after the increases in salaries were put into effect. An idea as to the additional expense that has been placed upon our state may be gathered from the totals which are given. Total before 1920, \$185,489.50; since 1920, \$413,618.00, which is an increase of \$228,128.50. This statement, as prepared by the editor of The Grenada Sentinel, Hon. O. F. Lawrence, is most important and should be read by every voter in the state, and all candidates for the legislature should be made to express themselves as to what they expect to do in future towards relieving the conditions now prevailing.—Woodville Re-

publican.

It is stated that the handkerchief was once banned by law, and that about 1580 many of the German states passed a law forbidding any one of plebian birth to use the handkerchief in blowing the nose. Well, the world would be in a bad fix now without the handkerchief.

COAL!

OUR LINE IS COMPLETE

FOR THE NEW SEASON

With the best selection of high-grade Coals we have ever had on our yard.

PIPER RED-ASH LUMP EMPIRE FANCY LUMP

MANCHESTER LUMP AND NUT

CORONA 6X3 EGG WARRIOR RIVER LUMP & EGG

These coals have been selected

BECAUSE of their fitness to meet the fuel needs of the people of this latitude and this climate;

BECAUSE of their exceptional stocking qualities, excellence as smooth, free-burners, small amount of soot and no clinkers;

BECAUSE they run high in heat units, ignite quickly, hold fire well and give satisfaction in the home;

BECAUSE any coal in this line will furnish the **Proof** in the **Performance**.

Our Usual Partial Payment Plan on Round Lots for Summer Storage.

"Call 10 for Coal"

JAY-EM-BEE COAL CO.

J. M. BROWN, Manager

Mademoiselle please!

R. S. V. P.

--the candy that asks a question and brings an answer

EH BIEN, M'sieu! With what subtlety you now present your case! To the lady you wish to please, bring Johnston's R. S. V. P.—the candy that asks a question. In the woman's heart of her she'll understand. And its discreet request: Repondez S'il Vous Plait, will gain an answer where other means all fail.

What fair lips can fail to smile delight at this Olympian array of sweets? Delighting man's palate with all the enticements of the Arabian Nights in one unusual package. The candy for use in affairs of the heart! To put your question right, mark well the name. Your dealer will gladly co-operate. He sells Johnston's R. S. V. P. to many tactful wooers.

Johnston's Choice Box is the companion to Johnston's R. S. V. P. Each is supreme in its field.

COME TO US FOR IT.

WHITE-DYRE DRUG COMPANY

(Formerly Fatherree Drug Co.)

Your Spring Housecleaning will not be complete until you replace all old worn-out floor coverings with new. We have what you want in

RAG RUGS, FIBRE RUGS, GRASS RUGS
Linoleums, Mattings and Hall Runners

in any size desired and the designs and patterns are unusually attractive

Revell Furniture Co.

Main St.

"We Sell for Less"

Phone 51

Local, Social and Personal

ADVERTISING RATES—Classified Advertisements, Cards of Thanks, Obituaries, In Memoriams, and other reading notices 2½¢ per word for each insertion, payable cash in advance.

Mrs. R. A. Tucker left Tuesday afternoon for Chicago where she went to spend some time with her daughter, Miss Katherine, who is continuing her studies in voice there. While she is away, Mr. Tucker will spend the time in Aberdeen.

Mrs. Maggie Ladd returned Monday afternoon to her home in Memphis after having been in Grenada several weeks with her brother, Mr. J. W. Vance.

Misses Jennie Hill and Lena Webb Catoe, two attractive young ladies who are in school at Grenada College, spent the past week-end in Coffeeville where they were the guests of friends.

Miss Adele Brown is visiting friends and relatives in Memphis. She left Tuesday and expects to be gone about two weeks.

Mr. Donald McLeod spent the week-end in Ruleville where he was the guest of friends.

Mr. W. J. Sherwood returned the first of the week from Evansville, Ind., where he had been the guest of relatives. His little daughter, who had been there for some time, returned home with him.

Mrs. Lucy Cox of Madison was the guest for a short while the latter part of last week of her sister in Grenada, Mrs. C. E. Lockett.

Mrs. J. G. Cooper of Memphis has been the guest for several days in Grenada of Mrs. W. W. Garner and family.

Mrs. W. G. Tabb and two little sons of Leflore were the guests the latter part of last week of Mrs. Tabb's sister, Mrs. E. H. White, on College Avenue.

Miss Mary Gowdy spent the week-end in Batesville with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Gowdy, and family.

Mrs. A. S. Bell left last Saturday for Memphis to spend a short while with her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Bell, before going on to Hot Springs where she will stay during the summer with her other son and daughter, Dr. and Mrs. P. Z. Browne.

Miss Mary Hamilton, who is teaching school in Oakland, was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Hamilton, during the week-end.

Mrs. C. C. Young of Bryant, Miss., was the guest of her sister, Miss Ida Howell, Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. John McMahon returned Thursday at noon from Memphis where he had been since last Friday visiting relatives.

M. Townes Duncan of Philipp was in Grenada for a short while this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Duncan.

Mr. William Penn of Leland was here this week en route to Memphis. While here, he was the guest of his mother, Mrs. C. C. Penn.

The officers and teachers of the Methodist Sunday School had their regular monthly council meeting and luncheon at the church Tuesday evening at six-thirty. There were thirty two present. These meetings are growing in interest and enthusiasm and all who attend get inspiration from the round table discussions of matters pertaining to the Sunday School work.

Miss Jerome Sage, director of piano at Grenada College, entertained at an enjoyable informal studio musicale last Thursday evening. Mrs. J. R. Countiss and Miss Corinne Laney assisted Miss Sage in receiving the guests in the parlors of the auditorium building. During the evening Miss Sage presented a number of her most gifted pupils who rendered a program that reflected great credit on the piano department of the College.

Mr. E. H. White returned home last Friday from Memphis where he had been to bring home his little child who had been there for treatment.

CLASSIFIED ADS

Rates—2½¢ per word for each insertion payable strictly in advance. No advertisement accepted for less than 50¢.

For Sale—Eggs from prize-winning Brown Leghorns, \$1.50 for 15. B. W. Smith, Hardy, Miss. 4-6-1f

Cabbage and pansy plants for sale. Whitaker Plant Co. Phone 319. 3-2-1f

We are paying 57 cents for first grade cream. Can and check returned same day received. The Willow Springs Creamery, 804 S. Main, Memphis, Tenn. 3-2-1f

FOR SALE—Underwood portable typewriter. Slightly used but in first-class condition. Standard keyboard. A bargain at a price considerably less than new one. Apply Sentinel office.

Heating stove for sale at a bargain. Apply Sentinel Office.

BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, SAUSAGE FOR SALE, Wholesale and Retail. All animals having withstood Government tubercular test, and finished on corn. Meats held in Cold Storage. Your patronage solicited. GLENWILD PLANTATION STORE. 11-17-1f.

Have you seen the Underwood factory-rebuilt typewriter? \$3.00 delivers one to you. See it at Sentinel office.

For Sale—5 room house 658 Poplar Street. Water and lights. Two rooms newly papered. Plenty of garden space. Will sell on terms. C. D. Williams. 44-6-8-0

For Sale—Residence on College street, well located Apply Lawrence Realty Co.

\$3.00 down delivers an Underwood, factory-rebuilt typewriter to you. Balance can be paid in easy monthly installments—just a fraction more than rental rate. Machine guaranteed for five years. See typewriter at Sentinel office.

For Rent—Two large rooms partly furnished for light housekeeping for couple without children. Apply Sentinel office. 4-6-2t

Do you play bridge? See the Buddy Bridge Pads at The Sentinel office.

12 BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE—Cheap. On street where water, lights and sewerage connections can be made with little expense. Street has concrete sidewalk. Terms or cash. First come gets first pick. W. B. Hoffa. 3-16-4t

Wanted—5 or 6 cords of Stove Wood, cut about 18 inches in length and ready for use. Don't want any pine. O. F. Lawrence.

\$10 Reward—I will give ten dollars reward for the return of my case of instruments or instruments without the case. Will ask no questions. The case of instruments was lost the latter part of last week somewhere on Bell Street, I think. Dr. J. S. Sharp, Grenada, Miss.

Dr. Frank S. Hill announces that he will be absent from Grenada until about April 25. He is in St. Louis, Mo., where he is spending the time in the Children's Hospital. 3-23-4t

Buddy Bridge Pads—an ideal gift. See them at The Sentinel office.

For Sale—Airedale dog, 4½ months old. Phone 226. 1f

For Sale—One pair of horses, one 6 and the other 7 years old. Will work in single or double harness. They are gentle and are in good condition. Apply at Sentinel office. 3-30-2t.

I pay 18¢ per pound for live hens. E. R. Smith. 3-30-2t

Will pay 2½¢ per pound for cattle up to five years old. No bulls over one year old. To be delivered Saturday, March 31, and Saturday, April 7. E. R. Smith. 3-30-2t

I will make splendid terms to some one who wants to rent a farm for three years or more. It's worth investigation. Henri W. Ecker, 905 Madison St., Jonesboro, Ark. 3-30-2t

BE WITTY AND WISE
The funniest paper in America Three months trial subscription for 10 cents in coin or stamps. Address Fun-Fact-Fiction, Tallahassee, Fla.

Grenada and Grenada friends are enjoying having Mrs. B. C. Adams, Sr., with them. She arrived some days ago and her presence always brings good cheer and a pleasant reminder of days gone by. Mrs. Adams is now making her home with her only daughter in Mobile, Ala., yet Grenada still counts her as her very own.

Mr. Cowles Horton was in Jackson the first of this week on business before the Supreme Court.

Miss Mary Lewis is visiting in Memphis. She left the latter part of last week.

Mr. Ed Dailey of near Blaine was in Grenada several days ago and was an appreciated visitor at this office. Mr. Dailey is one of the writer's good friends. He was reared at Torrance but has been in the delta for about ten years and is doing well over there, a matter of much gratification to his friends.

Miss Jerome Sage, director of piano at Grenada College, presents Miss Mary Wilson in graduating piano recital at the College chapel next Monday night, April the 9th, at 8 o'clock. Miss Wilson will be assisted by Miss Willie Maier, soprano. The public is cordially invited to attend.

The many friends of Mr. Wellington Beard of the Spring Hill neighborhood are glad to know that he is back home again greatly improved in health. While away this time he underwent a second surgical operation.

Mrs. B. C. Duncan is the hostess for a delightful house party. The fortunate guests are Misses Lida Coffman, Adelle Hoffa and Robbie Doak. Monday night an auto trip was made to Charleston and a moonlight picnic was enjoyed. Wednesday night others were asked to come and share the joy and the mirth of the Duncan home and to add to the pleasure of her guests at a bridge party. Thursday evening, the lovely home of Mrs. Sam Cain was thrown open and this always gracious matron entertained at bridge in honor of Mrs. Duncan's guests. Friday evening (today) Mrs. W. P. Wilkins, in her own easy, happy way, will entertain at bridge for the guests of the Duncan home. While the inclement weather has somewhat interfered with the program Mrs. Duncan had planned, yet there has been nothing lost and the week is proving to be an eventful one in the social life of Grenada as well as in the experience of these very lovely ladies who have been so fortunately remembered by Mrs. Duncan.

Mr. T. H. Weir spent Tuesday of this week in Memphis.

Miss Ruby Grantham is visiting homefolks in Lexington pending her recovery from a minor surgical operation on her eye some days ago.

Mr. J. H. Neely spent Monday in Memphis on business.

GRENADA CITY SCHOOLS HONOR ROLL—7TH MONTH

Fifth Grade
Isabel Bailey, Glennie Hendricks, Bessie Phelan Sharp.

Sixth Grade
Thomas Grant, Susie Lee Horton, Dit Perry, Doloris White, Joseph Woodson, Mary Patton Wilkins, Edith Bell, Billie Chapuis, Joe Eades, Kathleen Grantham, Eustice Henderson, Lena Mae Nichols.

Seventh Grade
Thelma Jackson, Mary Louise McLeod, Jessie Nail, Clifford Thomas, Albert Hayward, Clarice Neal.

Eighth Grade
Annie Ruth Benson, Georgia Chapuis, Claude Hatchet, Gladys Martin, Helen Ruth Whitaker, Dora Emma Stevens.

Ninth Grade
Fay Gunn, Velma Lambert, Lucile Pierce.

Tenth Grade
Mary Moore Mitchell, Lillian Perry, Charles Penn.

Eleventh Grade
Elizabeth Thomas.

Twelfth Grade
Maxwell McCormack, Spencer Murphy.

INSCRIPTION ON TOMB ALBERT S. JOHNSTON

Today is Anniversary of First Day's Battle of Shiloh. How Inscription Came To Be What It Is.

Today, April 6, 61 years ago, Albert Sidney Johnston fell at the battle of Shiloh. In this day of fast things, in this day when it seems that people are almost in too big a hurry sometimes to be as civil as they ought; in this day when one it seems at time cannot stop to meditate lest he be crushed in the maddening crowd of "go", regardless of what the "going" is for, it is good to reflect on the past; it is good to cast down the lanes traveled and see the stars that shine there, to see the jewels that the lives of men have placed there. So this paper is referring to Albert Sidney Johnston and the inscription on his monument in the hope that the mind of some youth may be aroused and that he may use the brain his Maker has given him to work out that higher destiny that can be wrought only by communing with God and by a Christian cultivation of the soul, for that is what the subject of this article did. Albert Sidney Johnston was born

in 1803. He served in the Black Hawk war, and after that entered the army of Texas. He was one of the leaders in the Mexican war and was later a pay master and a colonel in the U. S. Army. The inscription written by a young soldier carries a tribute that is worthy of the aim and life of any man. The following was written at his grave as a tribute to his memory, soon after the Civil War, by John Dimitry of New Orleans, a young soldier of Gen. Johnston's Army. It was later inscribed as an epitaph on General Johnston's army. "Beneath this stone is laid for a season, Albert Sidney Johnston, a General in the Army of the Confederate States, who fell at Shiloh, Tennessee on the 6th day of April 1862. "A man tried in many high offices and critical enterprises and found faithful in all. His life was one long sacrifice of interest to conscience and even that life on a woeful Sabbath did he yield as a holocaust at his country's need.

"Resolute, moderate, clear of envy, yet not wanting in that fine ambition which makes men great and pure. In his honor impregnable, in his simplicity sublime.

"No country ever had a truer son, no cause a nobler champion, no people a bolder defender, no principle a purer victim than the great soldier who sleeps here.

"The cause for which he perished is lost, the people for whom he fought are crushed, the hopes in which he trusted are shattered, the flag he loved no longer guides the charging lines, but his fame consigned to the keeping of that time, which is not so much the tomb of virtue as its shrine shall in the years to come, fire modest worth to noble ends.

"In honor now our dead Captain rests. Three commonwealths proudly claim him, and history will cherish him among those choice spirits, who holding their consciousness unmixed with blame, have been in all conjunctures true to themselves their country and their God."

Carbon paper at The Sentinel office.



The Fenway Model is a "tried and true Ralston."

This new Fenway Spring 1923 model comes in Tony Red and Tony Black.

Thousands have worn and liked shoes made on this last. Try it! You'll find it as nice a shoe as you ever wore.

R. Pressgrove Dry Goods Co.

NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS

The Board of Supervisors of Grenada County will receive bids on the 7th day of May, 1923, until noon, for the construction of two wooden bridges over Barksdale Creek, near Riverdale and on the Hazerway-Hardy Road, in District four. Bids received on both bridges together or separately. All bids to be accompanied by certified check for 10% of bid. The Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids, and bridges to be built according to plans and specifications on file in the Chancery Clerk's office.

4-6-3t J. B. Keeton, Clerk.

NOTICE

The Board of Supervisors of Grenada County will receive bids on the 7th day of May, 1923, for furnishing

gravel for hardsurfacing one mile of road on the Horton Highway. Bids to be accompanied by certified check for 10% of bid. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. 4-6-3t J. B. Keeton, Clerk.

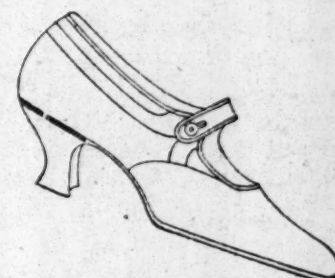
NOTICE

The Board of Supervisors of Grenada County will receive bids, until noon on the 7th day of May, 1923, for making necessary fills and levee work in the Yalobusha river bottom, on the Graysport and Coffeeville road, in District three. All bids to be accompanied by certified check for 10% of bid. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and said work to be done according to plans and specifications on file in the Chancery Clerk's office.

4-6-3t J. B. Keeton, Clerk.

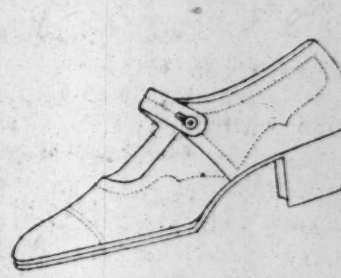
Ink at The Sentinel office.

Strap Footwear for Spring



All over Black Kid
Price \$8.50

All over Brown Kid
Price \$9.00



Black Satin Suede
inlay collar and
strap

Price \$9.00

THE strap slipper and the strap oxford have retained and strengthened their hold on the affections of smartly dressed women this season.

The new straps that we have just received from the factories of JOHN KELLY represent the last word in correct and attractive style designing, plus the well known JOHN KELLY quality and fitting.

Tongue effects and neatly tailored oxfords for those who prefer.

Other makes from \$3.50 to \$11.00. You get exactly what you pay for. If you pay less you get less—if you pay more you get more. We carry all grades and styles.

THE LEADER

(R. C. TRUSTY)

Grenada, Mississippi

AUCTION SALE OF MULES

Monday,
April
9th
1923

1:00
O'clock
P. M.
Sharp



At Roane Wagon Yard, Grenada, Miss.

Carload of extra good Mules--the best that Grenada has had this season. Will weigh from 900 to 1400 pounds. These mules to be sold without reserve or by-bid.

GREEN & MOSS

THE NEW AGRICULTURAL BANK CREDIT ACT

(By Clarence Poe in Progressive Farmer)

In considering the treatment American agriculture has traditionally received from our systems of national finance, one is uncertain whether to go to Aesop's Fables or Greek mythology for a parallel. Certainly the way the farmer's credit needs have been hacked and hewed to conform to conditions imposed by a banking system made expressly to serve commerce and industry—this strongly suggests the story of Prometheus fitting all his captives to the iron bed, ruthlessly chopping off the limbs of those who were too long and stretching the limbs of those who were too short. But Aesop's fable is equally pertinent.

"A Fox one day invited a Stork to dine with him, and wishing to be amused at his expense, put the soup which he had for dinner in a large flat dish, so that while he could himself lap it up quite well, the Stork could only dip in the tips of his long bill."

American agriculture for a hundred years has been like the Stork at the Fox dinner—compelled to get along on short rations from a platter which nevertheless furnished a satisfying meal for manufacturers and commerce. And, instead of criticizing farmers' organizations and the Farm Bloc for finally compelling Congress to provide a better arrangement for agriculture, it seems to us that the non-farming public might better thank the farmer for not trying to turn the tables, as did the Stork in Aesop's story.

The Farmer's Need for "Intermediate Credit"

To put it briefly, our American system of banking, as an authority recently pointed out, is simply an adaptation from the English system built up to serve the needs of British commerce and industry. "Banks must lend for 90 days only"—this became the foundation principle of good banking simply because merchants, manufacturers, and ship captains were able to figure on a quick turnover of this sort. The farmer unfortunately hasn't a ninety-day turnover. He can't borrow money for making a crop and pay it back in 90 days. The Lord doesn't make wheat, corn, cotton, or livestock so quickly as that. Virtually therefore the farmer's credit needs have been outlawed and he has been the prey of sharpers and Shylocks.

Instead of the standard, stereotyped, "ninety-day rule" of commerce and industry, it is true, as Secretary Wallace wrote Hon. Sydney Anderson on February 23 that—
"A considerable part of the farmer's credit needs are to be, classed neither with short term credit, as thought of in commercial circles, nor long term mortgage credit, but are represented by what we have come to call intermediate credit—that is, a term of credit, which corresponds fairly well with the farmer's turnover period, which varies from six months to as long as three years in the case of breeding stock. The need for some system of intermediate credit has been recognized for thirty years or more, and has been brought to public attention in a striking way during the past three years. The lack of it has caused thousands to fail."

It was not until 1913 that the American Government, by establishing Federal Land Banks, gave any recognition to the farmer's need for long term credit. Now, ten years later, it has at last made some provision for the farmer's needs for intermediate and short-term credit—a start at least.

What the "Intermediate Credit Banks" Will Do.

Secretary Wallace was writing Congressman Anderson in support of the Lenroot-Anderson bill. Other agricultural credit bills then pending were (1) the Capper bill providing for special banking organizations, privately financed, to handle agricultural paper, and (2) the Strong bill providing for some material changes in the management of the Federal Land Banks.

The new rural credits act of 1923 passed on the last day Congress was in session, is a combination of these three bills, the Lenroot-Anderson measure with its "Intermediate Credit Bank" idea being by far the most important. For this reason we think it well to give a concise summary of the main provisions of the new act that are taken from the Lenroot-Anderson bill as follows:—

"1. An Intermediate Credit Bank is established in each of the twelve Federal Land Banks, to be managed by the district directors appointed by the Federal Farm Loan Board for the various banks.

"2. The Federal Government will subscribe to the capital stock of each Intermediate Credit Bank up to \$50,000,000.

"3 The earnings of each such

bank are to be applied in turn to expenses of operation, to a 4 per cent dividend on the stock, to the building up of a surplus until such fund reaches \$2,000,000, after which 25 per cent of the earnings go to the retirement of the Government's capital stock until it is reduced to \$1,000,000.

"4. The Intermediate Credit Banks are authorized to discount and to purchase agricultural and livestock paper having a maturity of not less than six months nor more than three years, for and from banks, livestock loan companies, and farmers' cooperative credit associations, and may also make loans direct to associations under specified conditions.

"5. To provide additional loanable funds, collateral trust debentures or bonds may be issued by the banks in an amount not to exceed ten times their paid-in capital and surplus, thus making the lending capacity of each Intermediate Credit Bank \$55,000,000.

"6. Rates of discount may not exceed by more than one per cent the rate paid on debentures or bonds and paper discounted must not involve a rate to the farmer higher than 1½ per cent above the discount rate.

"7. The assets and liabilities of the Intermediate Credit Banks will be separate and distinct from the assets and liabilities of the existing farm mortgage departments in each Federal Land Bank, so that farm loan bonds as at present issued will in no respect be affected by the establishment of the Intermediate Credit Banks.

"8. The Intermediate Credit Banks will be under the general supervision of the Federal Farm Loan Board and means are provided for the examination of institutions offering paper for discount, and of the specific security back of such paper."

"9. The Federal Reserve Act is amended by extending the term of discount on agricultural and livestock paper from six months to nine months and to induce state banks to enter the Federal Reserve system by temporarily reducing the capital requirements for the admission of such banks (down to \$15,000 in towns of 3,000 or less)."

Further Features of the New Rural Credits Act.

Concerning the new Rural Credits Act of 1923, the following additional facts are to be noted:—

1. The War Finance Corporation is continued till March, 1924, to take care of the present agricultural loans and the needs of cooperative marketing associations.

2. The main provisions of the Capper bill are included. The Capper bill, the American Farm Bureau Federation declared, was "strictly a bankers' measure and left the way open for heavy interest rates and did not provide sufficient control over the corporations or discount agencies." It simply provided legislation permitting five or more large "agricultural credit corporations" to discount and rediscount livestock paper and agricultural paper secured by warehouse receipts.

3. Features of the Strong bill in this new act (1) permit Farm Loan Banks to lend as much as \$25,000 to any one borrower instead of \$10,000 as now, and (2) provide for seven directors for each Farm Loan Bank, the Farm Loan Board naming three and the stockholders four. The Federal Farm Loan Board and officials of the twelve Federal Land Banks are already working out the machinery for the new system and announce that loans should be available under its provisions before the end of April.

The Practical Results for Us

For farmers here in the South the net results of the new act are: Within a few weeks now we shall have in connection with each Federal Land Bank serving the South (those at Baltimore, Md., Columbia, S. C., Louisville, Ky., New Orleans, La., Houston, Texas, and St. Louis, Mo.) an "Intermediate Credit Bank." Each such bank will have a lending capacity of \$55,000,000. It will rediscount (for local banks and for cooperative associations) notes running from six months for crop making and crop marketing purposes and on up to three years in case of purchases of breeding heads. Local banks will no longer be able to say that they can lend to merchants but can't lend to farmers, because of inability to get six months or nine months crop notes rediscounted. As one Southern Congressman puts it:

"Farmer Jones wants \$1,000 for nine months. He borrows from his local bank and gives his note showing it is for agricultural purposes and properly securing it. The bank can take that note and sell it to the Intermediate Credit Bank which has funds already available in its five million dollar Government subscribed capital. The Intermediate Credit Bank can go to the Federal Reserve Bank and sell Jones' paper to that bank, although it runs nine months. It can lend that \$1,000 again to Farmer Smith, also it can raise \$50,

000,000 additional capital by selling five-year tax-free bonds secured by farmers' notes just as the Land Banks sell forty-year farm loan bonds secured by farmers' real estate mortgages. The local banks can sell all papers up to six months to the Federal Reserve Banks, so the Intermediate Credit Banks will have paper from only six to nine months to run, and \$55,000,000 should thus be enough to do the work for each district."

How far the new machinery will go toward meeting the farmers' credit needs it is too early to say, but certainly a long step has been taken toward establishing a banking system fair to agriculture. The new system, as Secretary Wallace says, "will transform the farmers' intermediate credit paper into standardized investment securities which can be safely bought by investors anywhere without investigation of the specific security back of them." And the same agricultural forces that have at last forced the establishment of the new system should be able to secure the correction of its defects and deficiencies as they manifest themselves.

DR. C. K. BAILEY, Dentist GRENADA, MISS.

Office over Heath Bros. Store Facing Main Street.

Office phone 92 Residence phone 185

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Mississippi,
Grenada County.

In Chancery Court April Term, 1923.

Johnson Willis
No. 3821 vs.

Willie Willis.
State of Mississippi,

To Willie Willis defendant, whose postoffice is unknown.

You are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of Grenada County, in said State, on the third Monday of April A. D. 1923, to defend the suit in said Court in the above styled cause, wherein you are a defendant.

This the 21 day of March 1923.

J. B. KEETON, Chancery Clerk.
B. D. Newsom, Solicitor for Complainant 3572-3-23-3t

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Mississippi,
Grenada County.

In Chancery Court April Term, 1923

Mrs. J. R. Whitley
No. 3798 vs.

Mrs. Nannie K. Penn, et al.
State of Mississippi,

To Stella Miers Pottle and husband, R. R. Pottle, defendants, whose postoffice is 1715 Canal Street, New Orleans, State of La.

You are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of Grenada County, in said State, on the third Monday of April A. D. 1923, to defend the suit in the above styled cause, wherein you are a defendant.

This the 22nd day of March, 1923.

J. B. KEETON,
3-23-3t Chancery Clerk.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Mississippi,
Grenada County

In Chancery Court April Term, 1923.

Prince L. Bennett, et al.
vs.

Joe Hill et al.
State of Mississippi.

To Joe Hill, defendant, whose post office is unknown.

You are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of Grenada County, in said State, on the Third Monday of April, A. D. 1923, to defend the suit in said Court in the above styled cause, wherein you are a defendant.

This the 19th day of March, 1923.

J. B. Keeton, Chancery Clerk.
Gertrude Draper, D. C.

W. M. Mitchell, Solicitor for Complainant. 3-23-3t

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE

State of Mississippi,
Grenada County.

In Chancery Court April Term, 1923

Grenada Bank, Administrator est.

W. M. Miers, Dec'd.
vs.

Mrs. Willie May Miers, et als.
State of Mississippi,

To Mrs. Stella Miers Pottle, Minor and her husband, R. R. Pottle, defendant, whose postoffice is 1715 Canal St., New Orleans, State of Louisiana, and L. P. Cummins, whose post office address is Kerrville, Shelby County, State of Tennessee.

You are commanded to appear before the Chancery Court of Grenada County, in said State, on the third Monday of April A. D. 1923, to defend the suit in said Court in the above styled cause, wherein you are a defendant.

J. B. Keeton, Chancery Clerk.
W. M. Mitchell, Solicitor for Complainant. 3-23-3t.

The Trade Union Emblem

ON CAMPAIGN LITERATURE IS A VOTE LOSER IN MISSISSIPPI

You well know that Mississippi is 80 per cent agricultural and believes in the American Plan of open shop, where any man can work at his trade without hindrance and be paid according to his ability.

Appearance of this trade union label or emblem on your campaign literature simply means that you are cutting your home man or home newspaper shop out of business that should rightfully be his and that you are carrying your work to some small union shop simply to get this emblem put on it, which means nothing except that you are putting your faith in that myth known as the union vote, which never did and never will elect any one to office in Mississippi.

Have your printing done where you please, in either a union or non-union shop, to best advantage, but in appreciation for the fellow who has sweated for you back home demand that no union label or emblem be put on your campaign literature.

Below is a copy of a paid union advertisement appearing in the Daily Clarion Ledger and giving the names of several printing offices hoping to profit by their ability to furnish this emblem, having, of course, agreed to certain conditions and signed certain papers in order to obtain the use of the same.

Below is given a list of Newspapers and Job Offices that are the backbone of the industry of the State, totaling 131, against six actual shops specified as union.

Copy of Paid Advertisement Appearing in the Daily Clarion-Ledger Listing Six Small Union Shops

ATTENTION, UNION MEN

We are going to the polls this year 100 per cent strong to vote for OUR FRIENDS for election. In order to do this every union man in the city and state must be "paid up" on the tax books.

There are approximately two thousand voters in the city of Jackson who carry a card of some organization, including the wives and other members of their families eligible to vote.

Pay your poll tax—See how the candidate stands toward your organization. If your candidate has not the Union Label on his printed circulars ask him the reason. But by all means get straight with the poll tax man, and other taxes due, even if you have to borrow the money to pay them.

Many of the men of our ranks have already paid their taxes, but there are a few left—these men should be made eligible to cast their vote if the remaining members should pitch in and pay their taxes.

We are going to ring strong this time and our friends are going to receive our votes. Demand the label and have a talk with your candidate.

The following shops carry the Union Label: The Issue Publishing Company, Premier Printing Company, The Torgerson Press, The Clarion-Ledger, Liles Printing Company, The Monday Morning Leader, The Brandon News, Brandon, Miss., Birdsall Printing Company and Yazoo Sentinel, Yazoo City, Miss.

Act today—Don't delay.

Demand this Label: Allied Printing, Trades (Union Label) Council, Jackson, Miss.

The above was published in The Daily Clarion Ledger, January 28.

131 Leading Newspapers and Printers Not Using the Union Label

Aberdeen, Miss., Examiner.
Aberdeen, Miss., Weekly.
Ackerman, Miss., Plaindealer.
Amory, Miss., Progress.
Ashland, Miss., Holly Springs.
Ashland, Miss., Advocate.
Baldwin, Miss., Home Journal.
Batesville, Miss., Panolan.
Bay Springs, Miss., News.
Bay St. Louis, Miss., Progress.
Belmont, Miss., Herald.
Belzoni, Miss., Banner.
Booneville, Miss., Banner.
Booneville, Miss., Standard.
Brookhaven, Miss., Times.
Brooksville, Miss., News.
Brookhaven, Miss., Leader.
Carthage, Miss., (Kosciusko) C. rthagienian.
Calhoun City, Miss., Monitor-Herald.
Canton, Miss., Herald.
Carrollton, Miss., Conservative.
Centerville, Miss., Jeffersonian.
Charleston, Miss., The Sun.
Clarksdale, Miss., Register.
Clarksdale, Miss., Clarksdalain.
Cleveland, Miss., Enterprise.
Cleveland, Miss., Commercial.
Coffeeville, Miss., Courier.
Collins, Miss., Commercial.
Columbia, Miss., Columbian.
Columbus, Miss., Commercial.
Columbia, Miss., Progress.
Columbus, Miss., Dispatch.
Corinth, Miss., Corinthian.
DeKalb, Miss., Herald.
Drew, Miss., Leader.
Durant, Miss., News.
Ethel, Miss., Gazette.
Fayette, Miss., Chronicle.
Fayette, Miss., Chronicle.
Forest, Miss., News-Register.
Friars Point, Miss., Coahomian.
Fulton, Miss., (Tupelo) News.
Gloster, Miss., Record.

Grenada, Miss., Sentinel

Greenville, Miss., Democrat-Times.
Greenwood, Miss., Commonweath.
Guntown, Miss., News.
Hazelhurst, Miss., Courier.
Hernando, Miss., New Era.
Hernando, Miss., Times-Promoter.
Holly Springs, Miss., South Reporter.
Houston, Miss., Times-Post.
Indianola, Miss., Enterprise.
Indianola, Miss., Sunflower Tocsin.
Itta Bena, Miss., Times.
Juka, Miss., Vidette.
Kosciusko, Miss., Star-Herald.
Leaksville, Miss., Herald.
Leland, Miss., Enterprise.
Lexington, Miss., Advertiser.
Liberty, Miss., Herald.
Louisville, Miss., Journal.
Lucedale, Miss., Times.
Lumberton, Miss., Headblock.
Maben, Miss., Press.

Magnolia, Miss., Gazette.
Macon, Miss., Beacon.
Marks, Miss., Advertiser.
Mayersville, Miss., (Hampton) Spectator.
McComb City, Miss., Enterprise.
McComb, City, Miss., Journal.
Meadville, Miss., Advocate.
Mendenhall, Miss., News.
Monticello, Miss., Press.
Moorhead, Miss., Moorhead Times.
New Albany, Miss., Gazette.
New Augusta, Miss., News.
Newton, Miss., Record.
Okolona, Miss., Messenger.
Oxford, Miss., Eagle.
Philadelphia, Miss., Democrat.
Picaune, Miss., Item.
Pontotoc, Miss., Sentinel.
Poplarville, Miss., Free Press.
Port Gibson, Miss., Headlight.
Purvis, Miss., Booster.
Raleigh, Miss., Mize Reformer.
Richmon, Miss., Dispatch.
Ripley, Miss., Sentinel.
Rolling Fork, Miss., Pilot.
Rosedale, Miss., Democrat.
Ruleville, Miss., Record.
Sardis, Miss., Reporter.
Senatobia, Miss., Democrat.
Shaw, Miss., Times.
Shubuta, Miss., Messenger.
Starkville, Miss., Times.
Starkville, Miss., News.
Sumner, Miss., News.
Summit, Miss., Sentinel.
Taylorsville, Miss., Signal.
Tunica, Miss., Times.
Tupelo, Miss., Review.
Tupelo, Miss., Journal.
Tylertown, Miss., Times.
Union, Miss., Appeal.
Utica, Miss., Leader.
Walnut Grove, Miss., (Sebastopol) Dawn of Light.
Water Valley, Miss., Herald.
West Point, Miss., Times-Herald.
West Point, Miss., Leader.
Wesson, Miss., Enterprise.
Wiggins, Miss., Enterprise.
Woodville, Miss., Republican.
Yazoo City, Miss., Herald.
Yazoo City, Miss., News.
Dixie Press, Gulfport, Miss.
Snyder & Guy, Laurel, Miss.
Martin Printing Co., Hattiesburg, Miss.
H. A. Gower, Meridian, Miss.
Dement Printing Co., Meridian, Miss.
Kirkpatrick & Edge, Tupelo, Miss.
Hederman Bros., Jackson, Miss.
Tucker Printing House, Jackson, Miss.
Jones, Printing Co., Jackson, Miss.
Mississippi Printing Co., Vicksburg, Miss.
Natchez Printing and Sta. Co., Natchez, Miss.
Lawrence Printing Co., Greenwood, Miss.
C. S. Davidson Job Office, Greenwood, Miss.
Rankin Bros., Printers, Corinth, Miss.
W. E. Jackson, Grenada, Miss.

You can judge for yourself the sentiment of the press and consequently of the population and the voters on the question of unionism and the request is repeated that you see that this emblem, which looks simple enough, but means a great deal, is not placed upon your printed literature. This attitude would be fair to all.

NOTE This advertisement is sent out by the Mississippi Employing Printers Association, Open Shop.

LIST OF STATE, DISTRICT AND COUNTY FARM AGENTS IN MISSISSIPPI

The following is the list of the various farm agents and other men in the government farm service in Mississippi:

R. S. Wilson, director of extension, A. and M. College.

J. W. Willis, state agent and assistant director, A. and M. College.

J. E. Tanner, state boys' club agent, A. and M. College.

District Agents

J. E. Ruff, Jackson; C. M. Rose, Lexington; L. A. Olson, Carrollton; M. M. Bedenbaugh, A. and M. College.

Assistant District Agents

I. B. Kerlin, A. and M. College; J. V. Pace, F. J. Hurst, Jackson.

County Agents

I. R. Bradshaw, Choctaw, Ackerman; J. E. Bonner, Marion, Columbia; C. P. Barrett, Oktibbeha, Starkville; C. C. Bearden, Jones, Laurel; B. A. Brady, Quitman, Marks; J. W. Carpenter, Tallahatchie, Charleston; H. A. Carpenter, Sunflower, Moorehead; S. B. Durham, Holmes, Lexington; T. E. Douglas, Chickasaw, Houston; J. O. Emmerich, Carroll, Carrollton; A. J. Flowers, Pike, Magnolia; C. C. Greer, Jefferson, Fayette; B. E. Grant, Prentiss, Booneville; C. M. Holland, Pontotoc, Pontotoc; J. D. Howerton, Lauderdale, Meridian; T. E. Hand, Hinds, Jackson; H. L. Hopper, George, Lucedale; J. M. Johnston, Clark, Quitman; W. J. Johnston, Perry, New Augusta; Henry Legett, Harrison, Gulfport; R. M. Lancaster, Kemper, DeKalb; W. R. Lommick, Warren, Vicksburg; W. L. McBride, Webster, Eupora; R. S. Mitchell, Calhoun, Calhoun City; J. S. McKewen, Yazoo, Yazoo City; G. C. Mingee, Montgomery, Winona; W. C. Mims, Union, New Albany; L. C.

McWilliams, Newton, Decatur; D. E. McWilliams, Neshoba, Philadelphia; C. L. McNeil, Madison, Canton; T. H. Montgomery, Lawrence, Montecello; E. C. McInnis, Leflore, Greenwood; J. R. O'Neal, Washington, Greenville; S. F. O'Neal, Hancock, Bay St. Louis; R. H. Rigby, Yalobusha, Coffeeville; F. M. Smith, Wayne, Waynesboro; C. C. Smith, Bolivar, Rosedale; Clyde Smith, Jefferson Davis, Prentiss; W. R. Smith, Thibault, Iuka; C. G. Steele, Coahoma, Clarksdale; W. M. Sellers, Forrest, Hattiesburg; O. L. Simmons, Rankin, Brandon; E. F. B. Sargent, Lincoln, Brookhaven; W. B. Tate, Pearl River, Poplarville; J. M. Thomason, Marshall, Holly Springs; A. E. Terry, Scott, Forest; David Thibault, Copiah, Hazlehurst; J. R. Williams, Lowndes, Columbus; T. Y. Williford, Panola, Sardis; E. H. White, Grenada, Grenada; L. R. Weeks, Winston, Louisville.

Extension Specialists

(Located at A. and M. College, unless otherwise specified.)

A. B. McKay, leader in horticultural work; Lyle Brown, state fruit specialist; H. W. Fristoe, state vegetable specialist; T. M. Patterson, leader in marketing; J. F. McKay, specialist in marketing, Jackson; C. W. Garner, specialist in marketing, Jackson; A. G. Spinks, in charge of information service; J. T. Copeland, specialist in agricultural engineering; L. A. Higgins, leader in dairying; L. S. Edwards, manufacturing dairy specialist; H. C. Ferguson, agent in dairying, Jackson; R. W. Harned, entomologist; P. F. Newell, leader in livestock work; E. P. Clayton, poultry specialist; G. R. Sipe, extension poultryman; W. T. May, chief clerk; C. P. Selser, asst. clerk.

SILENCE MEANS YES—AN

UGLY RUMOR VERIFIED

Section 123 of the Constitution of the State of Mississippi states that the Governor shall see that the laws are faithfully executed.

Section 268 provides that the oath of office of the Governor is: "I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Mississippi and obey the laws thereof. That I will faithfully discharge the duties of office upon which I am about to enter so help me God."

Section 3596 of the code of 1906 creates the office of Superintendent of the State Penitentiary.

Section 3597 fixes his term of office at four years and provides that the Superintendent shall be appointed by the Governor.

The present incumbent's office expired some months ago and no one has been appointed by the Governor to succeed him. He simply remains in office without bond and without taking the oath of office as required by the Constitution.

The Governor of Mississippi seems to think that he is bigger than the Constitution or the laws of Mississippi and that he can therefore suspend the Constitution and laws at will. The Woman Voter believes that even the Governor of a state should obey his oath of office and uphold and support the Constitution.

It is rumored that the Governor withholds the appointment of the Superintendent of the State Penitentiary because he made a trade with former Governor Bilbo. The alleged agreement was that Bilbo would withhold certain documentary evidence from Russell's personal trial in the Federal Court at Oxford. It is openly asserted by Bilbo's friends that Russell is tied out on this matter and cannot make the appointment, for if he keeps his promise to Bilbo and makes the appointment he promised that his own friends will make it hot for him.

It is asserted by other people that Russell is playing politics with these important affairs of State. For if he continues to withhold the appointment from the present incumbent it will not only serve as a means of coercing the Superintendent but all of his minor employees, which are numerous, and in this way the Governor will secure funds for his personal benefit, trial, etc., as well as serving him in his political plans and schemes.

It is also asserted by others that Russell promised this appointment to half a dozen men. Each person promised, actually or implied, has a large number of minor employees expecting to be employed and if Russell still should succeed in holding up the appointment until after the primaries in August, all of these "would-be" Superintendents with their minor employees, families, supporters and friends, would form a source of great power and perhaps enable the Governor to dictate who should and who should not be elected to office in the

Primary in August.

Any of the above suggestions would be reprehensible and seriously reflect upon the honor of the Governor and the integrity of the State. Since Governor Russell does not see fit to take the people into his confidence and show a legitimate reason for holding up his appointment, in absolute disregard of the Constitution and Laws of the State, then the Grand Jury of Hinds County should do its duty and inquire into a violation of the law in this regard and if necessary indict the offender.

The people have no other protection.

The superintendent deals with large property rights of the State and the liberties of many of its citizens and of all people in the State who should work strictly within the law—and not otherwise—it is a man occupying this responsible position.—Woman Voter.

LOSE 5 TO 1 GAINED

Governor Lee M. Russell is out in a letter to his friends asking them to support ex-senator Lester C. Franklin, of Clarksdale, in his candidacy for governor of Mississippi. He did not know if this support is by request of Mr. Franklin. If Mr. Franklin solicited the support of Governor Russell we venture the assertion that it will cost him five times as many votes as it will gain for him. If this support was gratuitous on the part of the governor, no matter how good his intentions may have been in the interest of Mr. Franklin he has no doubt inflicted a great wrong on him. Governor Russell should not now or hereafter take himself so seriously. He should know once for all that so far as the good people of this state are concerned, that politically speaking he is a "dead cock in the pit."—Crystal Springs Meteor.

BURCH SPILLING THE BEANS

Candidates great and small politically and otherwise, were very much in evidence last week at the state capitol mingling with the dear "peccul."

From what we could learn, the immaculate (?) Lee has passed the word down the line, to put in the running from governor down to constable, all who are of his political household and faith. This information seems to be confirmed in part by the publication of a letter from him to one of his satellites asking his supporters to boost Lester C. Franklin for governor.

Talcum Powder Burch, however is about to spill Lee's beans, in having the "insurance" to run "agin" Clay Potter for Attorney General.

An encouraging feature however, is that while the fornicators, dampfools and coat tail hangers of the Russell-Bilbo breed have not been completely emasculated, the electorate of Mississippi will finish the job next August.—Moss Point Advertiser.

Pencils at The Sentinel office.

Don't you or your business want to be represented in the edition of

THE SENTINEL

To be sent out next week showing forth the advantages of Grenada County and the beauty and the excellences of Grenada with the view of trying to persuade more people to come among us and make their home?

Eight Pages of the Edition Are Already Printed

The articles by the State's chief Health Officer, by the State Geologist on Grenada County Soils and by the State Commissioner of Agriculture are valuable for the County.

WILL YOU NOT TAKE PART IN THIS EFFORT TO BETTER CONDITIONS?

Remember that the County lost 2,000 people between 1910 and 1920--and the ratio of loss between 1920 and up to now is greater than it was between 1910 and 1920.

MIKE CONNER, CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR, VISITS COUNTY

(Continued from page 1)

government and the difficult problems of taxation and revenue; thoroughly familiar with the fiscal affairs of the State government, with the work of the State departments and with the State institutions; a sincere friend of the public schools; deeply sensible of the burdens borne by the tax payers of the State; favoring all possible economy and retrenchment; standing firmly for the principle that appropriations should be held strictly within the limits of the public revenues; having to his credit a record of faithful service and of constructive legislation; a Democrat who believes that "public office is a public trust"; absolutely clean and honest as a citizen and as a legislator; a Christian gentleman without fear and without reproach. He is worthy and well-qualified to hold the highest office within the gift of the people.

"If elected Governor he will give to the people of Mississippi a clean, honest, sensible, business administration. If elected Governor he will be the Governor, not of any section nor of any faction, but he will administer that high office, fairly, faithfully and fearlessly for the common good and general welfare of the whole State.

"It is my privilege to introduce to you the distinguished Speaker of the House of Representatives, Hon. Sennett Conner of Covington County."

Mr. Conner emphasized that he did not believe in glittering generalities, that the people had been fed too long on promises. He said that what he promised, he was going to undertake to show that his record as a citizen and as a legislator would back up. He stated that running the state government was a big business matter; that the people of the state were the stockholders, and he urged that the men and the women give the same care to choosing a governor that a merchant would to employing some one to take charge of his store, a farmer his farm, or the stockholders of a bank a cashier, and he reminded his hearers that, unlike any private business concern, the people were by law required to employ a man for four years. He stated if a private concern employed a man and he proved unfaithful or unfit that the private concern could turn the man off, but not so with the State; therefore he advocated a recall for such officers who had to do with making expenditures and providing means to get the money from the people.

In order to protect the people, he said that he had prepared and got through the lower house a measure giving the people the right to recall officials who passed upon the question of taxes and expenditures where they were unfaithful and abused the right conferred on them. He said that the bill passed the House by a vote of 108 to 6 and lacked one vote of receiving the necessary two thirds majority in the Senate.

Mr. Conner stated that the State was in a bad fix; that for a greater part of the time for the last 20 years it had been spending more than its revenues. He said that if made governor he would insist on first working out how much taxes the people could afford or else he would veto a tax levy where more money was appropriated than was possible to collect under the proposed levy. He said the issuance of bonds to pay current expenses was almost a crime, that it was a sin against the children of the present day.

He stated that he believed in liberal appropriations for the public schools and in good roads.

He said that the churches and the schools must go hand in hand, and he said that he felt proud of the record the State was making towards getting the opportunities of education to every child.

Mr. Conner cited his record in the Legislature to show that he had prepared and introduced bills seeking to carry out everything he advocated. He discussed briefly the Bureau of Markets law which he had prepared and which passed and showed how invaluable such a law would be to the farmers of the State.

He said that when the farmers raised anything much besides cotton that they could not get a market for it. As an instance, he cited what happened in his own County of Covington a few years ago. The farmers were urged to cut cotton acreage and to grow sweet potatoes and sugar cane and other crops. They followed the advice but when the sweet potatoes were dug and the molasses was ready for market, no market could be had. So he undertook to find a northern market. He wrote 1,000 letters, he said, to those who might be expected to buy in the north but the answer came back, "you have no standards for grading your potatoes" and "your State takes no official cognizance of your crops,"

hence there is no official stamp of approval on any grades you offer, and we buy where there is "grading." This, Mr. Conner said, opened his eyes. He investigated further. He said that he found that a cor-load of perishable Irish potatoes could be shipped from Detroit, Michigan, as cheap as Mississippi could ship a car-load of its own lumber to Gulfport. He said that his investigation also revealed that finished products from the North could be shipped to the South as cheap as the raw products could be shipped from the South into the North. He said that the Northern farmer and producer could not be blamed for that; that they had got such advantages and concessions by cooperation while the people of Mississippi were playing peanut politics voting for some man because he had voted for somebody else.

In speaking of the possibilities of the Bureau of Markets, when put into operation, he said that "Government is a business conducted for all the people and that it should be the purpose of the government to make living easier and safer and not more difficult for the people."

He said that it was high time the people were realizing the need of the proper sort of industries that would make five jobs for every man rather than five men for every job.

He cited his record as speaker for eight years to show that he was fair and just. He said that notwithstanding there was bitter factionalism, there had never been an appeal from his ruling as speaker. He said that he would treat all classes fair and right should he be made Governor. That the first requisite with him in considering men and women for appointment would be fitness and honesty. He deprecated the attempt of men to name their successors in the Governor's office.

He said that if he had to get into the Governor's office by using his church membership or any church organization or by playing up any lodge ties, that he did not want the office.

He said that the present Governor had sent letters out asking that one of his opponents be named to succeed him and that The Woman Voter, the organ of the Mississippi league of women voters, had charged that the appointment of the penitentiary head was being held up so that this man might be whipped into line for this particular candidate for Governor.

Mr. Conner stated that he had seen it charged that certain men at some of the State institutions were being paid salaries in excess of that specifically named by law. This he said was reprehensible and should receive the proper legislative attention. He said that it was time to show the books on some of the officials of Mississippi and that he felt that he was but echoing a sentiment that pervaded the State from one end to the other.

He stated that there were a number of useless offices that could be discontinued without injury to the public service and especially did he refer to the pardon board.

He said that there were too many pardons, that the bootleggers in Mississippi were turned loose too readily and he pledged if elected Governor that there would be few pardons. He said that when a man was indicted and then found guilty under all the protection the law gives them that the public might rest satisfied in nine cases out of ten that he was guilty, and he said that it was high time that the governor was respecting the mandate of the courts.

Mr. Conner said that there were many sore spots in the minds of Mississippians against the present regime and among them was the text book adoption and the high prices for these books.

He said that he was proud of the fact that while he had stood open and above board on matters of principle in the Legislature that he enjoyed the friendship and the good will, he believed, of all those who saw things differently from what he did.

He made it understood that his official conduct had brought down upon his head the wrath of the present Governor, and he seemed to think that much of what had been done by him as Speaker had gone a long way towards showing the people the true situation as to politics in Mississippi. He said that he had fought for things that he believed to be right and that he subscribed to the doctrine that "those who killed the snakes in the Spring time should go fishing."

As still another evidence of his fitness and qualifications for the office of Governor, he cited that the office of Speaker which he had filled for eight years was regarded in law and was in fact one of the highest and most important in the State and he said that he had held a position that had been held by any one of his three opponents.

He promised to apply strict business

rules to the administration of the office of Governor if elected. He said that the State could not continue to prosper with its present public expenditures unless there was a development of industries and unless better results were obtained with money spent. He insisted that if there was ever a time that the State needed a common sense business Governor, that that time was now, and he asked if his life at home and his record as an official did not meet the test that was needed.

He pitched his address on a high plane and did not mention the name of a single opponent. His speech was statesmanlike and made a fine impression, and there can be no doubt that he will have a strong following in Grenada County.

MISSISSIPPI STATE COLLEGE FOR WOMEN PAY ROLL

(Continued from page 1)

Miss Evelyn Windham	1800.00
Miss Corinne Williams	1800.00
Miss Mattie Lou Brown	2250.00
Miss Augusta Hardin	750.00

Boarding Fund	
	Per Month
Miss Hazel Winters	166.66
Miss Bessie Curry (10 mos)	150.00
Mrs. Rosa M. Conger (10 mos)	100.00
Mr. W. I. Walton (10 mos.)	100.00
Mr. C. D. Walker	100.00
Mr. J. M. McCaskill (Boarding fund provided profits from Book Stand not sufficient)	125.00

Infirmary	
	Per Mo. & L.E.
Miss Alsie Chambliss	85.00
Miss Rose Anne Smith	85.00

School and Dormitory, Sweepers and Cleaners
(One half paid out of boarding and one half paid out of incidental accounts.)

The following are paid \$22.00 per month:

Nett Guyton, Becky Stevens, Annie Hood, Ann Moore, Sara Phinizee, Louis Kirksey, Sara Williams, Anna Hudson, Nice Anthony, Dona Matthews, Mattie Bowman, Peachie Forra, Sara Ross, Will Nolen, Mary Mul-eln, Cornelia Jones, Anita David (maid Peyton Hall); Hattie Wallace (maid in Shattuck Hall) \$15.00 and board; Mary Harris, (maid in Main dormitory) \$15.00 and board; Jim Guy \$30.00; Dave Ross \$30.00.

Hospital Servants

Paid out of Hospital fund	
	per mo. and board
Mary Smith, cook	\$25.00
Pinkie Murray, maid	20.00
Mattie Wilson, maid	20.00

Fireman and Coal Rollers

The following are paid \$50.00 per month out of boarding fund:
Will Wallis, Ed Williams, Emmitt Wallis, Jim Young; the following \$45.00: George Harris, Sam Kidd; the following \$40.00: John Bankhead, Jerry Nolley, Clarence Cannon.

Joe Ritt (Incidental)	\$35.00
William Wallis (Athletic)	40.00
Thomas Stepp (Heat L. & W.)	40.00

Laundry Help

The following are paid \$1.25 per day out of boarding fund:

Lizzie Pattman, Mug Jones, Lou Stenson, Leona Allen, Mary Hargrove; Alice Canon \$1.10; the following \$1.00 per day: Mattie Childs, Letta Henry, Gertrude Wallas, Ida Jackson, May Hall, Anna Clark, Mollie Perkins, Winnie Hines, Lizzie Kirksy, Pearl Jackson; the following 90c per day: Lizzie Henny, Lou Jackson, Mary Lefloy, Lou Allen, Mattie Hughes, Maggie Wallas, Georgy Boone, Willie Lowe, Mary Young, Mag James, Julie Porter, Mary Sykes, Letta Boston, Cindy Brewer.

per week	
Mrs. Rogers (marker)	\$15.00
Sallie Clatham (marker)	10.50
Cora Poole (marker)	9.00

Kitchen and Dining Room Help

Paid out of boarding fund.

per month	
Albert Wallace	\$85.00
Dave Greenlee	85.00
Jim Mitchell	45.00
Charlie Miller	35.00

The following are paid \$25.00 per month: Dinah Moore, Mollie Wallas, Mary J. Gaynes, Eldes Walton, Jennie Chapman, Sophia Clark, Polly Simms, Annie L. Jerry; the following \$20.00 per month: Ella Brown, Emma Smith, Susie Golden, Annie Shoulkin, Pinkie Weaver, Bettie Buck, Ida Dobbins, Jennie L. Barry, Ada Williams, Martha Ross.

CAN YOU BEAT IT?

Of all the people suffering from itch, eczema or other skin diseases, who have purchased Spiva's One Night Itch Remedy, in Itawamba County, not one has complained or asked for the money back. It has satisfied hundreds in that and other Mississippi counties, and it will satisfy you. Sold at 2d Class and Corner Drug Stores. Anona Company, Jacksonville, Tenn. Adv.

A CALL FOR MEETING

Committee of Broadcasters Urge Laymen to Meet Sunday Afternoon

The undersigned, a special committee of the Broadcasters of Grenada, urge the men of the different churches of the town to meet Sunday afternoon, April 8, at 3 o'clock at the Presbyterian church to consider some matters of special importance and to take steps to do some work in the Master's Vineyard which we organized to do. Spring time is here and we should be able to get around to such points in the country as we are given the opportunity to do. There are already several invitations pending to have us come to churches and communities on Sunday when there are no other services.

Neighbor, friend, Brother, want you come out next Sunday and let's have a heart to heart meeting? We will be better prepared for our duties during the week if we will think and act more in accordance with what we in our heart of hearts know the Lord wants us to do.

A. M. Carothers
J. C. Wilson
S. A. Laycock
O. F. Lawrence
J. P. Broadstreet
C. E. Lockett
Wm. C. McLean
R. H. Anderson, Jr.

VARIETY STORE CHANGES OWNERSHIP

This is to notify the public that I have purchased the interest of Mr. N. J. Carothers in the Carothers Variety Store and the business will hereafter be known as Gentry's Variety Store. I will continue to carry the same line of goods as heretofore and ask the continuance of the generous patronage that has been accorded the store since its opening.

Clark Gentry.
Grenada, Miss., April 2, 1923.

MAKE STATEMENT IN REFERENCE TO C. C. WHITE

To The Grenada County Public:
We have heard that it is stated that Mr. C. C. White, who is a candidate for the office of representative in the lower house of the next legislature, is interested in the Mississippi School Supply Co. of Jackson, Miss., and that the said Mississippi School Supply Co. sells or handles school books, and that Mr. White and the said School Supply Co. were concerned in the last State adoption of school books.

Without intending to take part in any political contest, we feel that some one who knows should correct this erroneous statement, and we are taking the liberty to do so.

The Mississippi School Supply Co. does not sell or handle school books or any other books. It was in no way concerned in the last State adoption of school books. The Mississippi School Supply Co. sells school furniture, such as desks, chairs and other things that go into the equipment of school buildings. The said Mississippi School Supply Co. has never handled school books, or any other kind of books and Mr. White has no connection with any company or concern which does.

J. R. Countiss, Secretary
Miss. School Supply Co.
H. J. Ray,
W. H. Kirk.
March 24, 1923.

EDITOR WOMAN VOTER IN GRENADA

Miss Minnie Brewer, Daughter of Former Governor, Here.

The very bright and intellectual daughter of former Gov. Brewer, Miss Minnie, spent a couple of days in Grenada this week. Miss Brewer is the Editor of the Woman Voter, the only official mouthpiece of the women of Mississippi here. She came here to confer with the Woman's Club and to seek the cooperation of the Club in getting up a greeting from Grenada for the coming meet of the Federated woman's organization of the State.

The Sentinel office was honored with a visit from Miss Brewer and while here she discussed her newspaper experience and the ideals she was endeavoring to attain in connection with her newspaper work. She is enthusiastic about the service she believes the women are going to render in voting, and incidentally observed that she considered the State fortunate that only men of good moral character were before the voters of the State this time for Governor.

The Woman Voter is showing a just and proper appreciation of the business and economic conditions of the State and is pursuing an editorial policy that would do credit to an experienced journalist.

CAR LOAD AT AUCTION

Sale of Mules Next, Monday, April 9

There will be an auction sale of mules at the Roane, or Inman, wagon yard next Monday, April 9, 1 o'clock p. m. Store buildings are being built on the front of this lot, hence the stock will be in the rear and the auction will take place out on the vacant lot. This is said to be the most select lot of mules which have come to Grenada this season. Good opportunity to round out your plow team or wagon mules. Green & Moss own this stock. These gentlemen have been selling here for quite a while and their treatment of the trade heretofore is the best evidence of what they will do with this car load of mules.

A DELIGHTFUL AND SOUL INSPIRING SERVICE

An appreciation and love of the beautiful and genuine in music is always a great thing for any community to have. And a community is equally as fortunate to number among its citizenship talented and gifted musicians. On Thursday evening at All Saints Episcopal church Stainer's beautiful Oratorio, "The Crucifixion", was given by the choir of the several churches, under the direction of the Rector, Rev. R. W. Emerson. This beautiful sermon in song is music of the highest and deepest type, and could be rendered only by a musically gifted choir. With the beginning of the opening choros on through the sublime and wonderful scene on the cross, the audience was held by the awe, reverence and depth of feeling that only such beautiful music can inspire. The solos were sung by Grenada's best singers, while the chorus work was truly a tribute to the leadership and training of Mr. Emerson. His individual work was a tribute to the position he holds in the community—a genuine and true Christian leader.

The very large and splendid audience present will look forward to other programs as inspiring and uplifting.

The following composed the choir: Sopranos—Mrs. Frank Gerard, Mrs. Herbert B. Miller, Jr., Mrs. Nan McCormick, Mrs. W. A. Campbell, Mrs. Melville Johnson, Mrs. George Granberry, Miss Lorah Dill, Miss Elizabeth Jones, Mrs. Paul H. McKellar, Mrs. Jay Gore, Mrs. Weir, Mrs. E. E. Penn, Miss Bettie White Middleton, Mrs. L. C. Proby.

Altos—Mrs. William Ames, Mrs. James R. Withers, Mrs. E. O. Slaughter, Miss Mary Roane, Miss Catherine Lufkin.

Tenors—Mr. J. G. James, Mr. William Wright, Mr. Charles Wriggin. Basses—Mr. William Ames, Mr. S. E. Marxsen, Rev. R. W. Emerson, Mr. J. E. Lufkin.

MR. M. McKIBBEN IN THE RACE

Some of the friends of Mr. M. McKibben have authorized The Sentinel to announce him as a candidate for County Superintendent of Public Education to succeed himself.

Mr. McKibben has served two terms during which time the people ought to have had every opportunity to estimate his work and to know what he has tried to do as the head of the public schools of the County, it would therefore seem to be a work of superfluity for The Sentinel to attempt to review the school work of the County under Mr. McKibben's administration. Suffice it to say that there has been that progress which the leading school authorities of the State have demanded and which they say is in line with the more forward educational movements in other states.

Mr. McKibben is a level headed, honest, straightforward, useful man in the County. He has not failed to take a stand on every question which he regarded of particular interest to his County and to his State, and it means a great deal in these times when too many are trying "to get by" without "showing their hands" to have a man filling a public office who has the moral courage and the ability to properly take a stand on the issues that concern the welfare of his people.

While Mr. McKibben is not in any sense an old man, yet he has reached that age in life where men who have thought along correct lines realize more than ever the importance of making every day count for something good and beneficent in their conduct with men and in the discharge of their duties.

If he is reelected, it is safe to assert that he will continue that fidelity to the school interests which he has shown since he first became County Superintendent of Education, and that he will endeavor to apply the experience he has gained to the best welfare of Grenada County.

M. McKibben is one of Grenada County's best citizens and most worthy men.

COL. BLEDSOE 83 SUNDAY

Our fellow citizen, Col. O. F. Bledsoe informs us that on April 8th he is 83 years old having been born on that date in Columbus, Miss., in 1840. Col. Bledsoe spent four of the best years of his life as a soldier in the Confederate Army, from April 1861 to April 1865. He served as a private soldier for the first two years in the Tombigbee Rangers, Co. A, Capt. J. H. Sharpe, of Blythe's Battalion, afterwards the 44th Mississippi Regiment. He then, after a careful examination, was promoted to be an artillery officer and was assigned to duty as Ordnance Officer on the staff of Brig. Gen. John Adams, killed at Franklin, and then on the staff of Brig. Gen. Robt. Lowry until the close of the war. Adams' Brigade was composed of the celebrated 15th Mississippi Regiment and in addition of the 6th, 14th, 20th, 23rd and 43rd Mississippi Regiments. Col. Bledsoe says that no braver or more gallant soldier or better or purer man gave up his life in the cause of the South than Brig. Gen. John Adams, who fell on the Federal breastworks at Franklin. ***

GLENWILD TO ENTERTAIN

The Woman's Club wishes to state that all ladies who entertain delegates during the Mississippi Federation of Women's Clubs, and all who provide cars for the use of these visitors, are invited to attend the reception at the Glenwild Banquet Hall Wednesday afternoon, April 18th, from 4:30-6:30. This reception is given in honor of Mrs. Thomas G. Winter, National president of the Federation of Women's Clubs.

INTERDENOMINATIONAL BIBLE CLASS

An Interdenominational Bible Class for the ladies of Grenada has been organized. It will meet in the Sunday School auditorium of the Presbyterian church, Friday afternoon at 3:30, with Mrs. A. W. Stokes as teacher. All ladies who are interested in the study of the Bible are invited and urged to join this class.

Master James Withers Emerson left several days ago to spend some days with relatives at Bolivar, Tenn.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION

Whereas, the boards of supervisors of the counties of Carroll and Grenada, State of Mississippi, by orders duly passed and entered upon their Minutes at the regular April 1923 meetings of said boards, directed the election commissioners of the said counties to hold a special election in the Calvary Consolidated School District, which is located partly in said Carroll County and partly in said Grenada County, and embraces the following described lands, to-wit: Sections 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 35, 36, E½ of 34, E½ of 22, E½ E½ NE¼ and SE¼ of 28, Township 21, Range 4, East, and Sections 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, and 32, Township 21, Range 5, East, and N¼ of 6, and NW¼ of 5, Township 20, Range 5, East in Carroll County, and the following lands, to-wit: Sections 7, 8, 17, and 18, Township 21, Range 5, East, and Sections 13, 14, and S½ of 12, Township 21, Range 4, East, in Grenada County, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of said consolidated school district the question of the issuance of bonds of said Calvary Consolidated School District to the maximum amount of \$6000.00, of which amount the sum of \$4000.00 to be issued against that portion of said territory lying in Carroll County and \$2000.00 against that portion thereof lying in Grenada County, said amounts being the proportionate parts of said bond issue to be borne by each county, for the purpose of constructing and equipping school buildings and teachers homes, and purchasing necessary land for location thereof, in said consolidated school district:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of said orders, notice is hereby given that the undersigned election commissioners of Grenada County will hold a special election according to law within legal hours on Saturday, April 28th, 1923, at Cahn Public School House, same being a convenient place located in said Consolidated School District, in Grenada County, designated for holding said election, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors thereof the question of the issuance of said bonds of said Calvary Consolidated School District, as above set forth.

Witness our signatures this 4th day of April, 1923.

V. A. Bridgers,
O. L. Kimbrough,
W. P. Ferguson,
Election Commissioners of Grenada County. 4-6-23